

CAR-T Cell Therapies: From Origin to Acceleration

Bruce L. Levine, Ph.D.

Center for Cellular Immunotherapies, University of Pennsylvania

Co-Founder, Tmunity Therapeutics

President, International Society for Cell and Gene Therapy



@BLLPHD



Conflict of Interest Statement

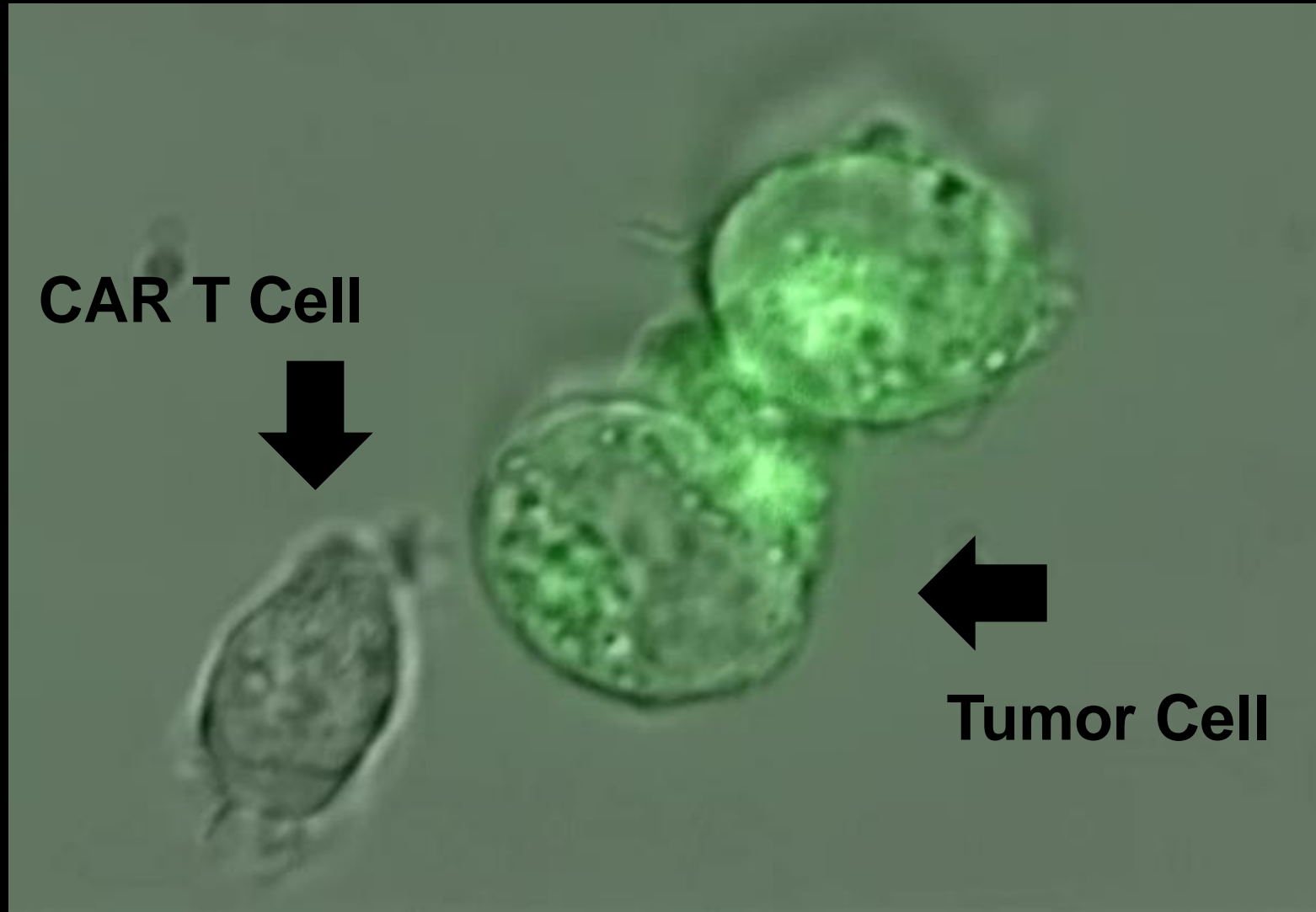
- Declaration of financial interest due to intellectual property and patents in the field of cell and gene therapy.
- University of Pennsylvania Alliance with Novartis
- Consultant for Terumo
- Scientific Advisory Board for Akron, Avestas, Immuneel, Immusoft, In8bio, Ori Biotech, Vycellix
- Co-Founder and equity holder Tmunity Therapeutics
- Conflict of interest is managed in accordance with University of Pennsylvania policy and oversight

Redirecting Orion to Hunt Cancer



Ignace-Gaston Pardies, Star Atlas 2nd edition 1693, Paris

Engineered Immunity: Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T Cells To Kill Cancer



Redirection of Specificity and Effector Function: The Beginning

B Cell Receptors + T Cell Receptors: 1987-1989

MATERIAL OWNED BY BRUCE LEVINE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Vol. 149, No. 3, 1987

BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS

December 31, 1987

Pages 960-968

EXPRESSION OF CHIMERIC RECEPTOR COMPOSED OF IMMUNOGLOBULIN-DERIVED V REGIONS AND T-CELL RECEPTOR-DERIVED C REGIONS

Yoshihisa Kuwana¹, Yoshihiro Asakura¹, Naoko Utsunomiya²,
Mamoru Nakanishi², Yohji Arata², Seiga Itoh³,
Fumihiko Nagase⁴ and Yoshikazu Kurosawa^{1*}

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA

Vol. 86, pp. 10024-10028, December 1989

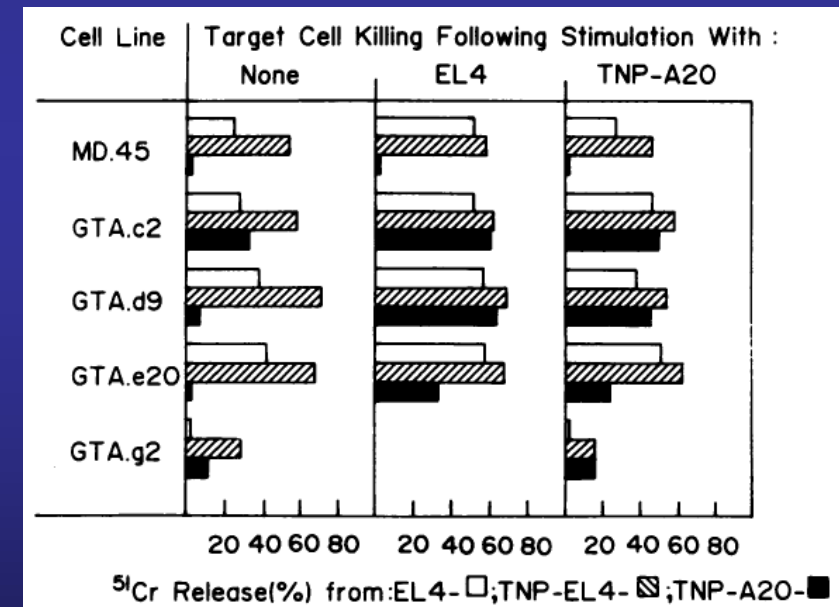
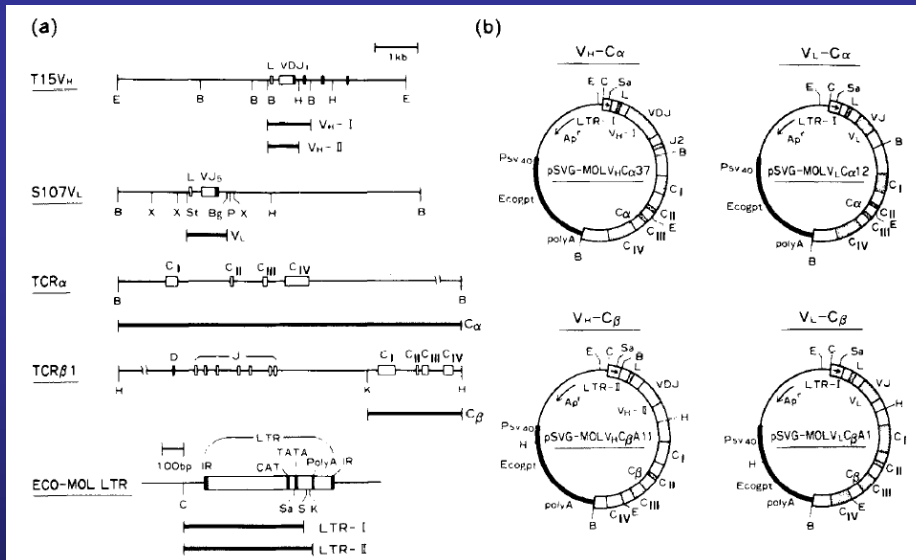
Immunology

Expression of immunoglobulin-T-cell receptor chimeric molecules as functional receptors with antibody-type specificity

(chimeric genes/antibody variable region)

GIDEON GROSS, TOVA WAKS, AND ZELIG ESHHAR*

Department of Chemical Immunology, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot 76100, Israel



In future, it might become possible for T cells recognizing any antigens without MHC restriction to be produced by the technique described in this paper.

This approach can be exploited, for example, to direct cytotoxic T lymphocytes to kill tumor or virally infected cells.

First CAR Publications in Academia

First CAR Clinical Trials in Industry



RECOMBINANT DNA ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEETING March 3-4, 1994 CD4-zeta in HIV+ Subjects

Long-term in vivo survival of receptor-modified syngeneic T cells in patients with human immunodeficiency virus infection

Robert E. Walker, Christine M. Bechtel, Ven Natarajan, Michael Baseler, Kristen M. Hege, Julia A. Metcalf, Randy Stevens, Allison Hazen, R. Michael Blaese, Clara C. Chen, Susan F. Leitman, Jolie Palensky, Janet Wittes, Richard T. Davey Jr, Judith Falloon, Michael A. Polis, Joseph A. Kovacs, David F. Broad, Bruce L. Levine, Margo R. Roberts, Henry Masur, and H. Clifford Lane

BLOOD, 15 JULY 2000 VOLUME 96, NUMBER 2

Prolonged survival and tissue trafficking following adoptive transfer of CD4 ζ gene-modified autologous CD4⁺ and CD8⁺ T cells in human immunodeficiency virus-infected subjects

Ronald T. Mitsuyasu, Peter A. Anton, Steven G. Deeks, David T. Scadden, Elizabeth Connick, Matthew T. Downs, Andreas Bakker, Margo R. Roberts, Carl H. June, Sayeh Jalali, Andy A. Lin, Rukmini Pennathur-Das, and Kristen M. Hege

BLOOD, 1 AUGUST 2000 • VOLUME 96, NUMBER 3

Hege et al. *Journal for ImmunoTherapy of Cancer* (2017) 5:22
DOI 10.1186/s40425-017-0222-9

Journal for ImmunoTherapy
of Cancer

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access



Safety, tumor trafficking and immunogenicity of chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-T cells specific for TAG-72 in colorectal cancer

Kristen M. Hege^{1,2,3*}, Emily K. Bergsland³, George A. Fisher⁴, John J. Nemunaitis⁵, Robert S. Warren³, James G. McArthur¹, Andy A. Lin¹, Jeffrey Schlom⁶, Carl H. June⁷ and Stephen A. Sherwin^{1,3}

First CAR T Trial in Cancer

Conducted 1997
Published 2017!

Women of Early CAR T Cell Development



Helene Finney

- CellTech (UCB)
- Chimeric receptors providing both primary and costimulatory signaling in T cells from a single gene product. Journal of Immunology. 1998;161:2791-7



Kristen Hege

- Cell Genesys
- Celgene
- Led first ever clinical trial of CAR T Cells in cancer 1997



Margo Roberts

- Cell Genesys
- Kite
- Chimeric receptor molecules for delivery of co-stimulatory signals US Patent 5,686,281 filed May 31, 1995, granted November 11, 1997

Agenda

- CAR T cells in Liquid Tumors
- CAR T cells in Solid Tumors
- Multiplex Engineering
- Where are We Going?

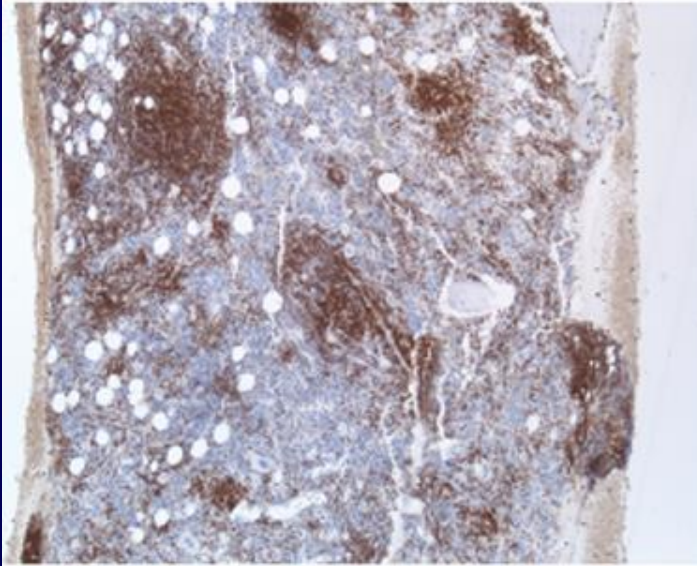


August, 2010

CAR T Cells Targeting CD19 in CLL

August, 2010

Before CAR T Cells



Pt #1

2.9 (1.3)

Pt#2

5.5 (2.5)

Pt #3

7.7 (3.5)



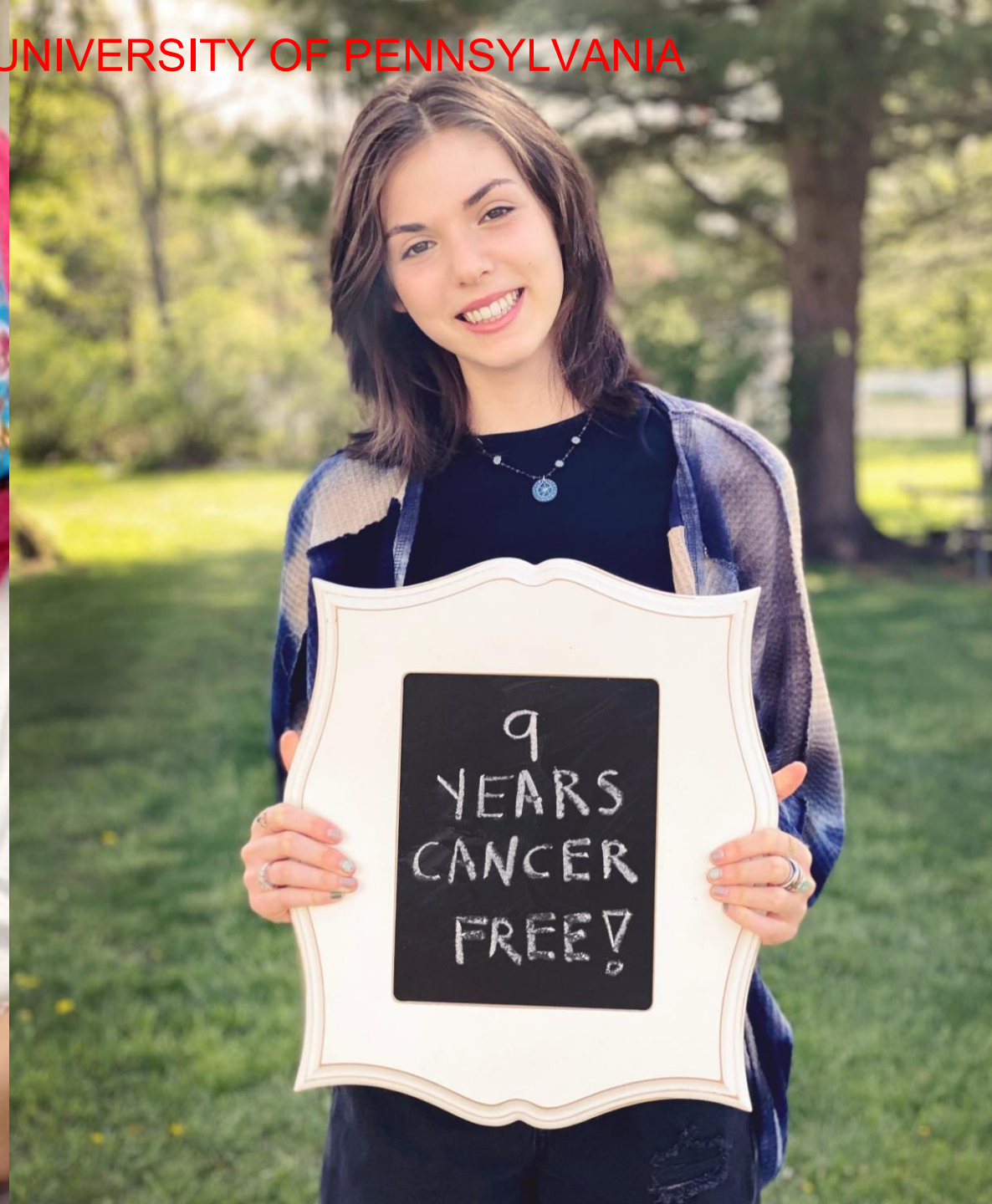
April, 2012

CAR T Cells Targeting CD19 in ALL

MATERIAL OWNED BY BRUCE LEVINE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA



MATERIAL OWNED BY BRUCE LEVINE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA



MATERIAL OWNED BY BRUCE LEVINE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA



YESCARTA™ is a treatment for your non-Hodgkin lymphoma. It is used when you have failed at least two other kinds of treatment. YESCARTA™ is different than other cancer medicines because it is made from your own white blood cells, which have been modified to recognize and attack your lymphoma cells.

+ MORE

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION, INCLUDING BOXED WARNING

What is the most important information I should know about YESCARTA™?

YESCARTA™ may cause side effects that are life-threatening and can lead to death. Call or see your healthcare provider or get



Global Regulatory Approvals

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NHK WORLD-JAPAN > News > Japan > Japan approves new cancer immunotherapy

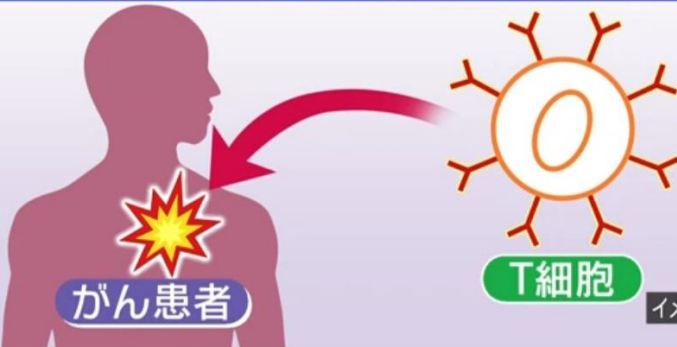
Japan

Japan approves new cancer immunotherapy



最新のがん免疫療法
「CAR-T細胞療法」初承認

新しいがん免疫療法「キムリア」



Japan

10 hours ago

Last 24 Hours

- Japanese envoy urges concerted pressure on N.Korea
- Researchers test drug for treating ALS



KYMRIAH®

(tisagenlecleucel) Suspension for IV infusion

US, CAN, EU, UK, CH, IS, JP, AU

The Sydney Morning Herald

EXCLUSIVE NATIONAL CANCER

'Revolutionary' cancer drug using genetically modified cells approved

By Esther Han

December 19, 2018 – 12.00am



A revolutionary cancer therapy that supercharges a patient's immune cells to hunt and destroy cancer cells has been approved for use in Australia, ushering in a new era in medicine.

Desperate patients with aggressive blood cancers who have not responded to conventional treatments have been heading overseas to receive a shot of the "custom-made" drug and



CD19-targeting CAR T cell immunotherapy outcomes correlate with genomic modification by vector integration

Christopher L. Nobles,¹ Scott Sherrill-Mix,¹ John K. Everett,¹ Shantanu Reddy,¹ Joseph A. Fraietta,^{1,2,3,4,5} David L. Porter,^{2,4,6} Noelle Frey,^{2,4,7} Saar I. Gill,^{2,4,7} Stephan A. Grupp,⁶ Shannon L. Maude,⁶ Donald L. Siegel,^{2,3} Bruce L. Levine,^{2,3,4} Carl H. June,^{2,3,4,5} Simon F. Lacey,^{2,3,4} J. Joseph Melenhorst,^{2,3,4} and Frederic D. Bushman¹

¹Department of Microbiology, ²Center for Cellular Immunotherapies, ³Department of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine, and ⁴Abramson Cancer Center, Perelman School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. ⁵Parker Institute for Cancer Immunotherapy, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. ⁶Division of Oncology, The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA. ⁷Division of Hematology-Oncology, Department of Medicine, Perelman School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA.

J Clin Invest. 2020 Feb 3;130(2):673-685.

Outstanding Fate Mapping Questions

- Do you “get what you get?”
- Should you select (patients or cells) and how do we know we are not missing important cells or denying patients?
- Passengers or Drivers?
- Experimentation and Iteration



Kymriah for CLL: summary

- A subset of patients with refractory CLL have durable remissions after Kymriah
- For refractory CLL, the CR rate with Kymriah is about ~30%
 - Frey NV et al. J Clin Oncol. 2020;38(25):2862-71
- CLL cells induce CAR T dysfunction
 - Singh N et al. Cancer Discov. 2020;10(4):552-67
- BTK/ITK inhibitors appear to synergize with CD19 CAR T
 - Turtle CJ. J Clin Oncol. 2017;35(26):3010-20, Gill, S. et al, unpublished
- CLL is emblematic of the tug-of-war between effective but non-curative targeted reagents (ibrutinib, venetoclax, etc) and a potentially one-time curative T cell-based therapy!

Solid Tumor Challenges

- Antigen Coverage
- Antigen Escape
- Antigen Specificity
- Immunosuppressive Microenvironment
- Trafficking



Solid Tumor Challenges

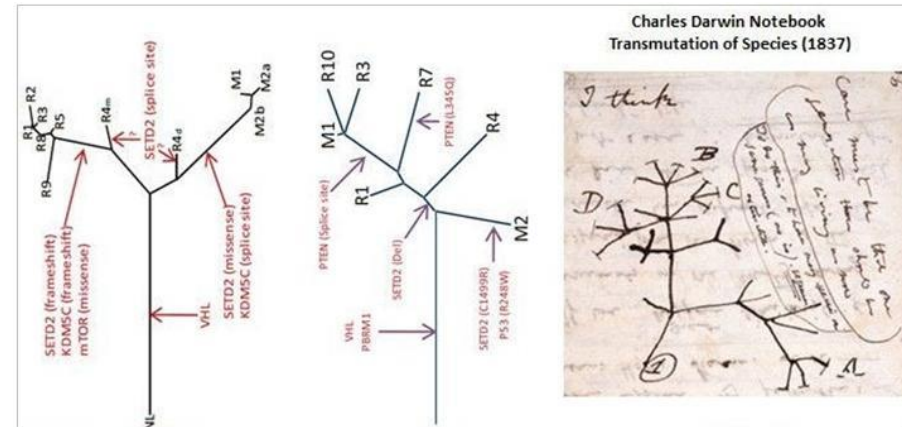
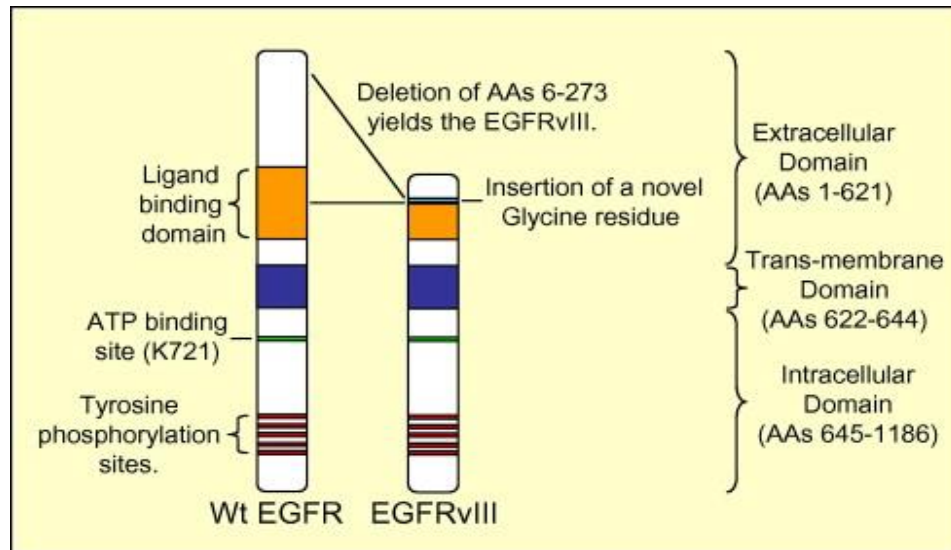
- Antigen Coverage
- Antigen Escape
- Antigen Specificity
- Immunosuppressive Microenvironment
- Trafficking



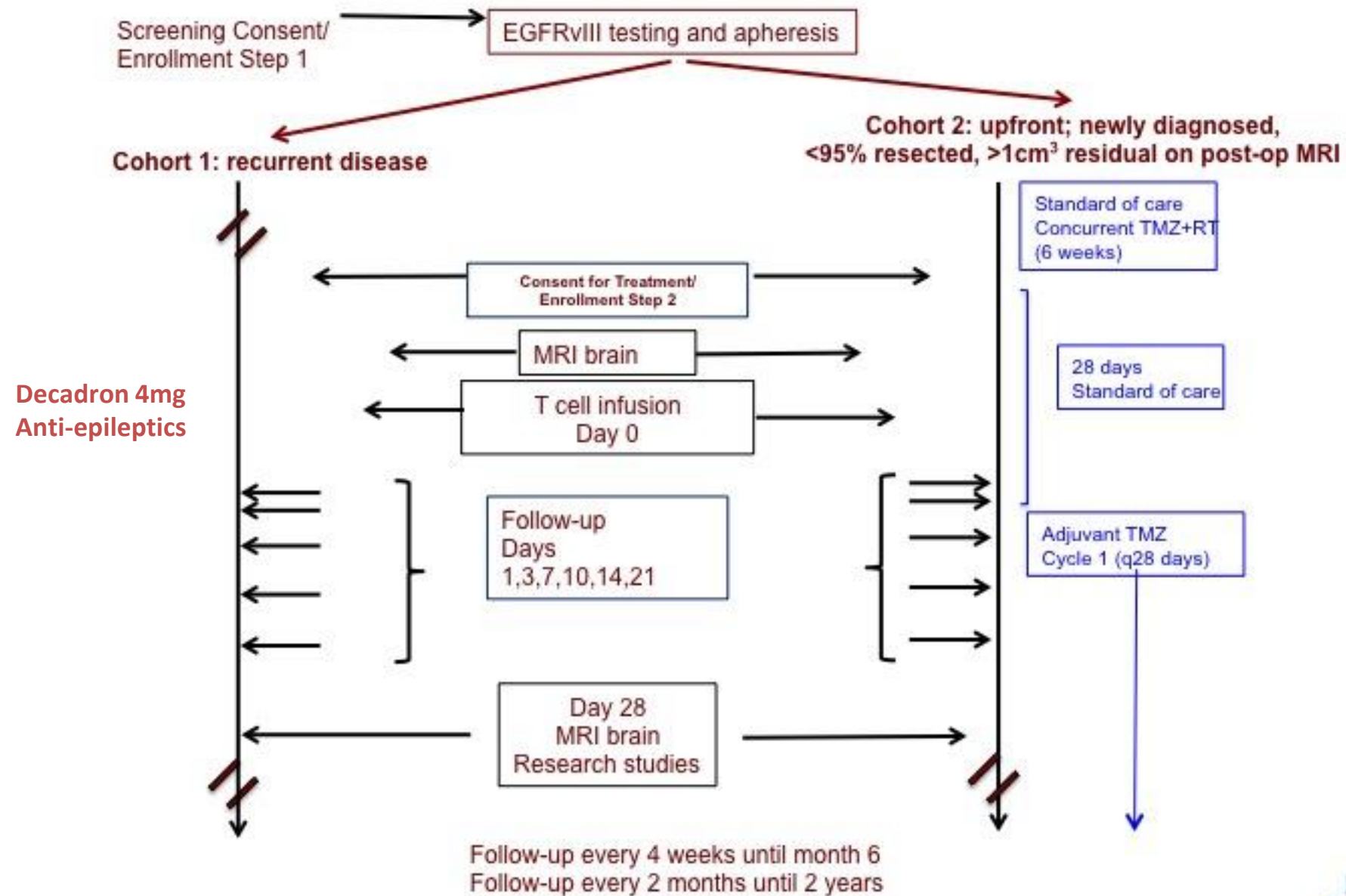
EGFRviii as a CAR Target for GBM

Pros and Cons as a CAR Target

- Pro: tumor specific mutation so that on-target, off-tumor toxicity is unlikely
- Con: EGFRviii is a subclonal mutation: tumor heterogeneity

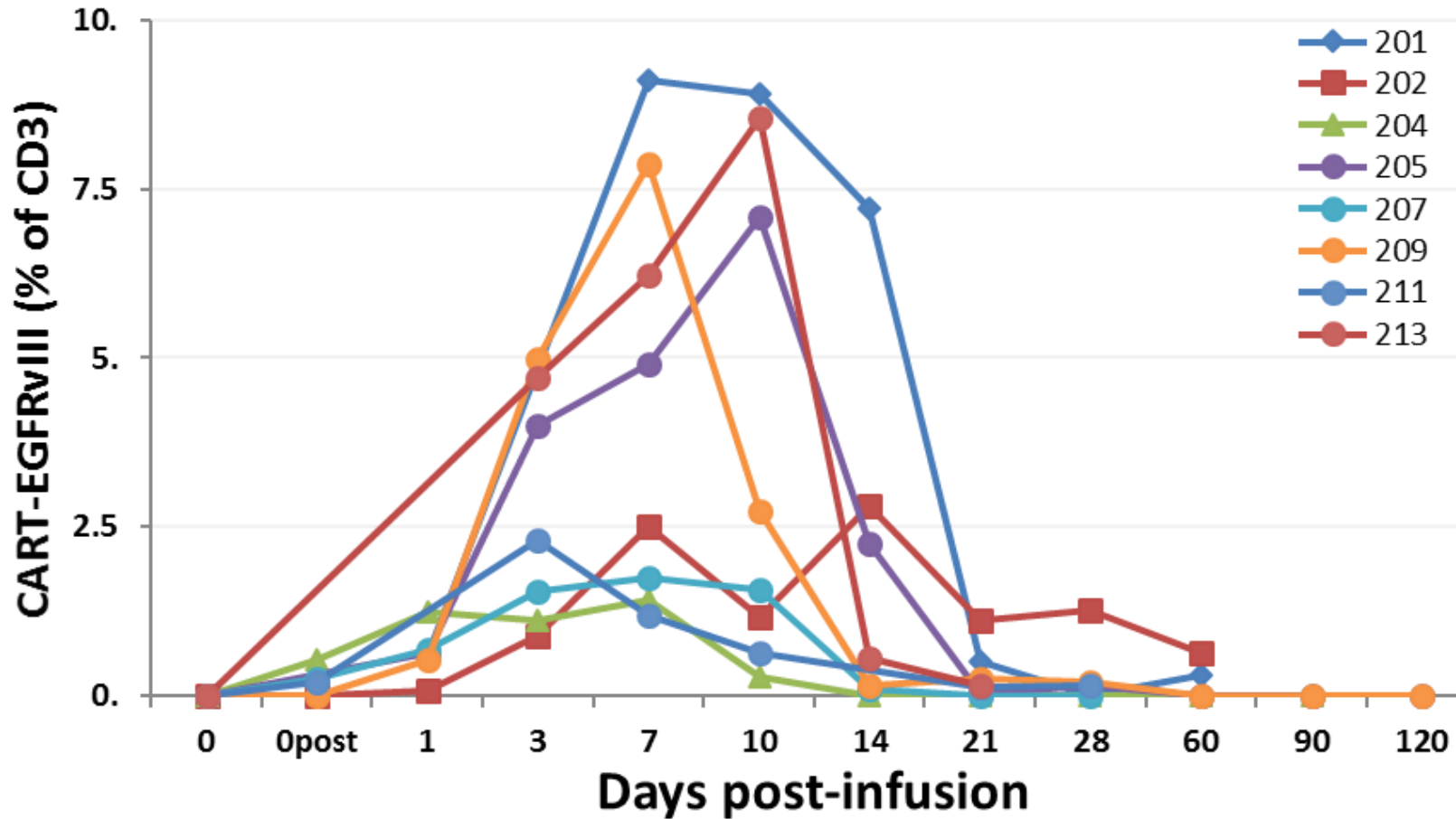


- Francis JM. EGFR variant heterogeneity in glioblastoma resolved through single-nucleus sequencing. *Cancer discovery*. 2014;4(8):956-71.



CART engraftment and persistence in blood

Flow Cytometry

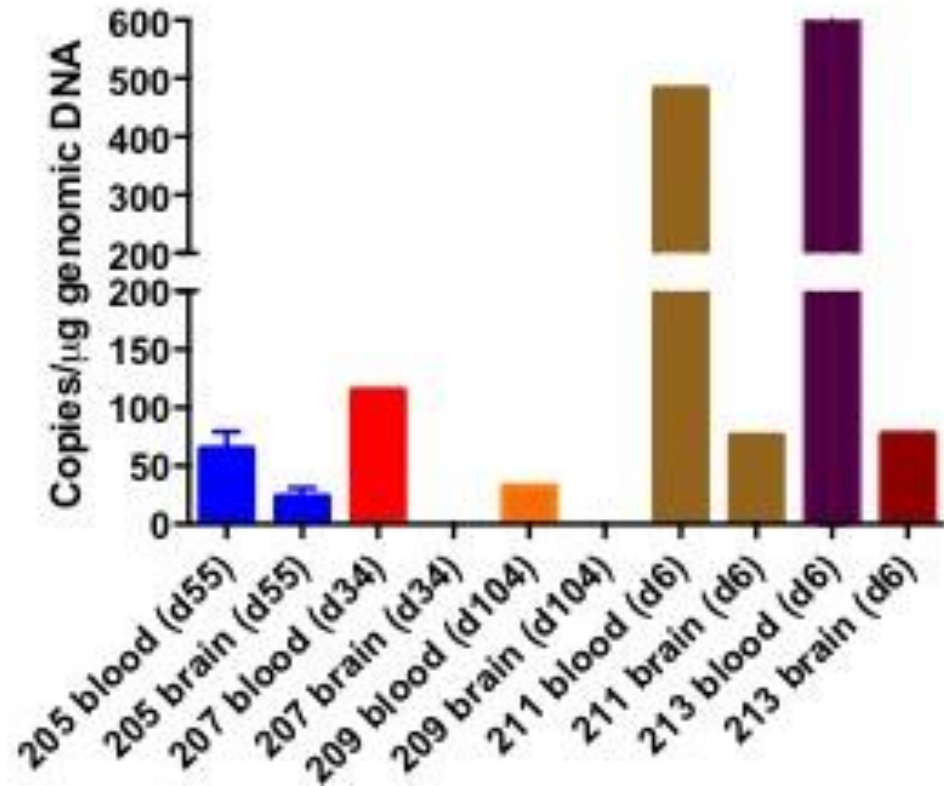


A single dose of peripherally infused EGFRvIII-directed CAR T cells mediates antigen loss and induces adaptive resistance in patients with recurrent glioblastoma, O'Rourke, D.M., et al. Sci Transl Med. 2017 Jul 19;9(399):eaaa0984

CART Trafficking to Brain and Downregulation of EGFRviii

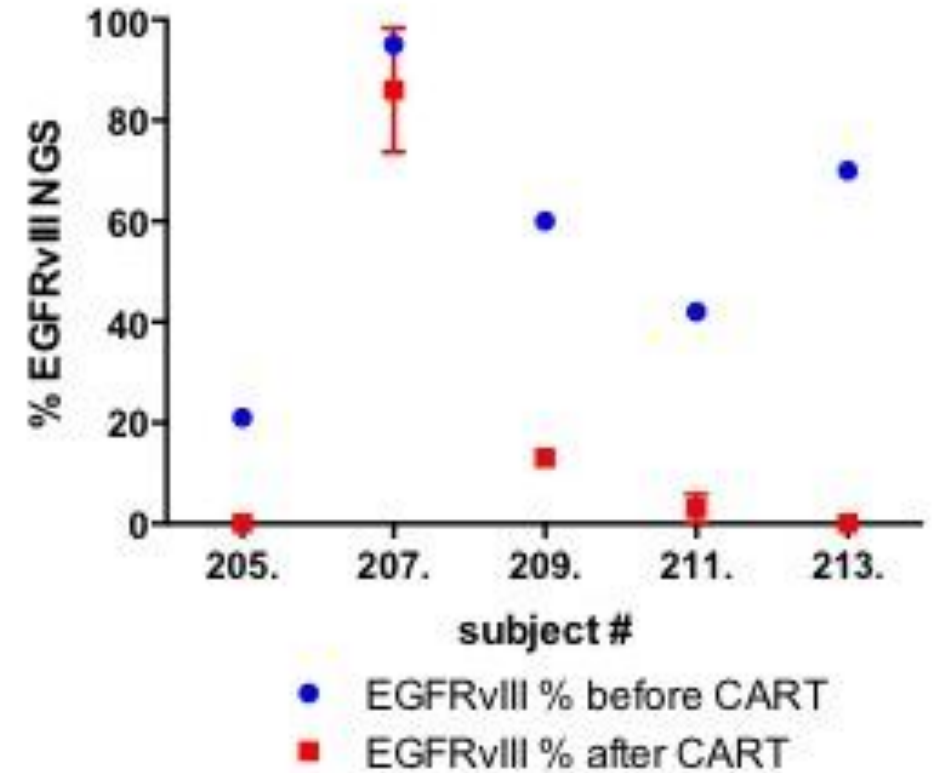
A.

Blood vs brain qPCR for CART



B.

EGFRviii antigen expression in tumor



A single dose of peripherally infused EGFRviii-directed CAR T cells mediates antigen loss and induces adaptive resistance in patients with recurrent glioblastoma, O'Rourke, D.M., et al. Sci Transl Med. 2017 Jul 19;9(399):eaaa0984

CART EGFRvIII in Glioblastoma Conclusions

- Screening for EGFRvIII and CART-EGFRvIII manufacturing is feasible for GBM patients
- Infusion of CART-EGFRvIII is safe, but may induce seizures.
- There is no EGFR-directed toxicity in 8 of 8 patients (not cetuximab!)
- Mechanism of Action established:
 - CART-EGFRvIII expand in blood and traffic to brain.
 - CART-EGFRvIII detectable (Q-PCR analysis) in brain tumor in 3 of 5 patients
 - EGFRvIII antigen loss (NGS analysis) in brain tumor in 4 of 5 patients
- Induction of new T cell infiltrates by IHC in tumor resection specimens may suggest antigenic spreading or bystander T cells
- Additional strategies: target other antigens to prevent tumor escape, combine with checkpoint Ab

Solid Tumor Challenges

- Antigen Coverage
- Antigen Escape
- Antigen Specificity
- Immunosuppressive Microenvironment
- Trafficking



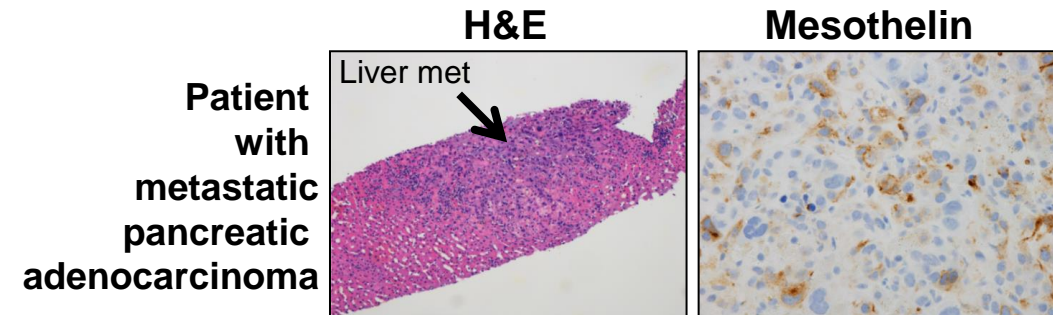
Mesothelin as a Target for CAR T cells

Description and characterization

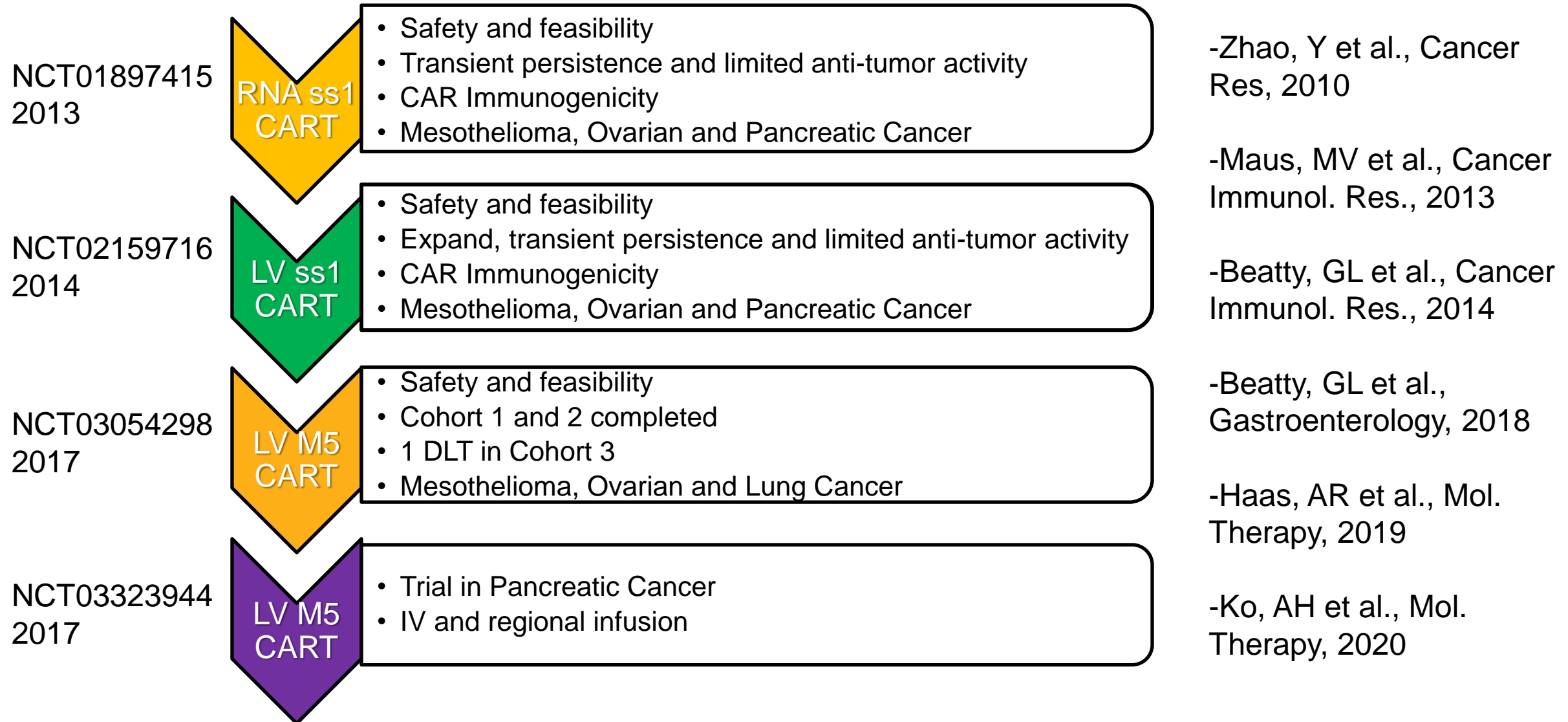
- GPI anchored membrane protein (40 kDa) that can be shed from cells. Elevated levels of soluble mesothelin in ~50% of patients with mesothelioma and ovarian cancer but have not been observed in pancreatic adenocarcinoma.
- Normal expression on mesothelial cells lining pleura, peritoneum, and pericardium.
- Biological function remains unclear but has been shown to bind to CA-125 (MUC16) and may have a role in cellular adhesion, tumor invasion and metastasis.

Expression by malignant tissues

- Pancreatic adenocarcinoma (100%)
- Epithelial mesothelioma (100%)
- Ovarian carcinoma (85-100%)
- Lung adenocarcinoma (50%)

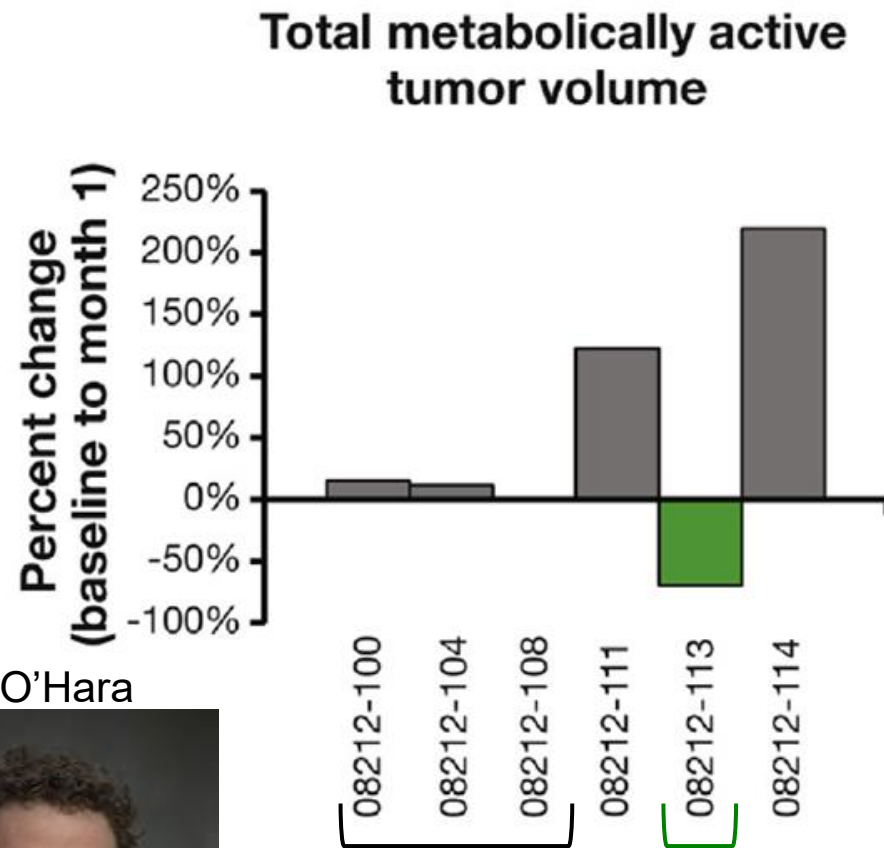


Penn Clinical Trials using SS1 and M5 Mesothelin-targeting CAR T cells for the treatment of solid tumors

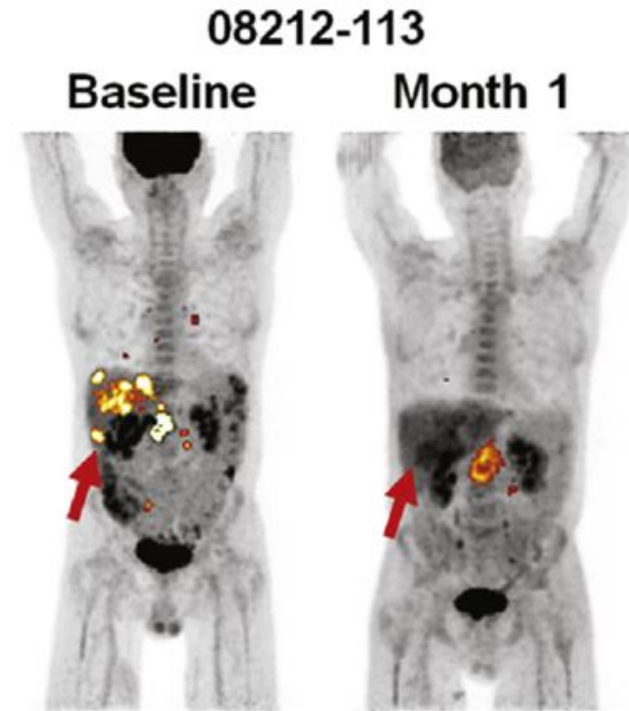


Activity of SS1 Mesothelin RNA CAR in Metastatic PDA: Clinical Responses

C

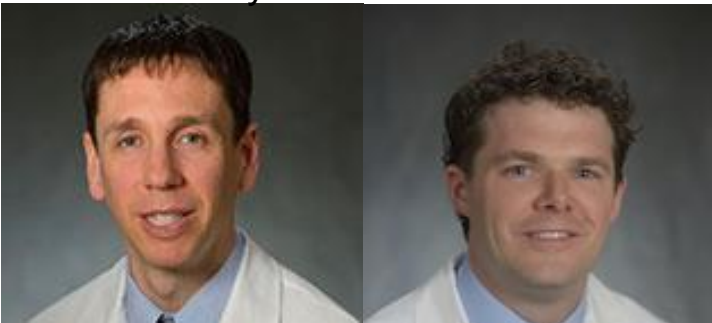


E



G. Beatty

M. O'Hara



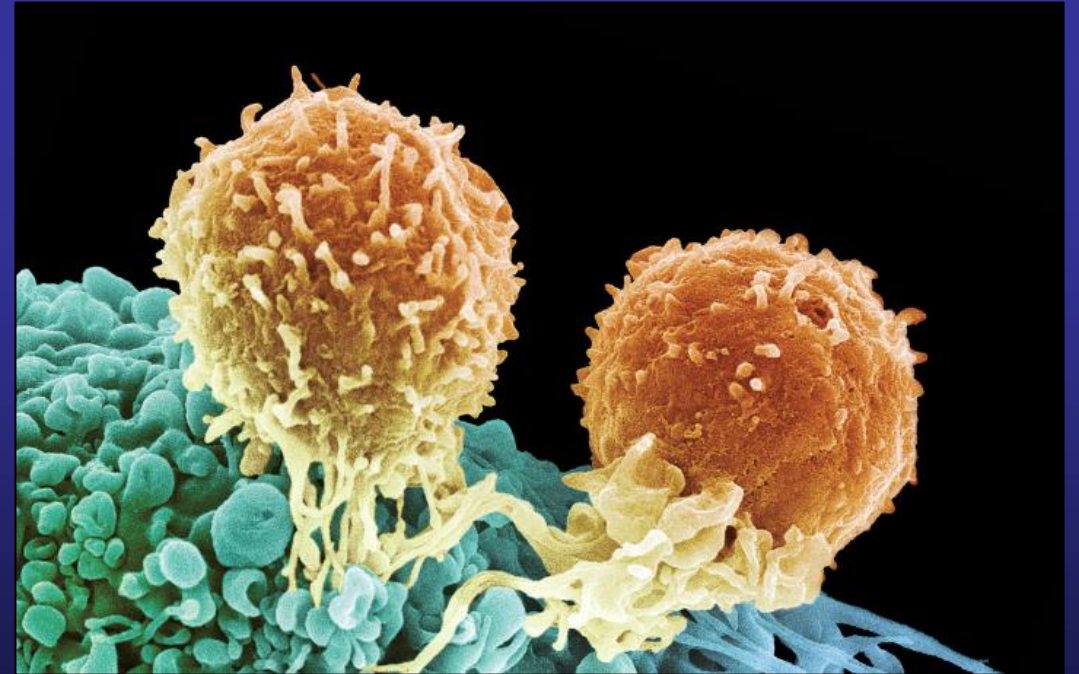
Beatty et al. Gastroenterology, 2018

Summary: Mesothelin CAR T Cells

- **CAR T targeting mesothelin have antitumor activity in mesothelioma and pancreatic cancer**
- **The optimal schedule and route of administration of CAR T cells remains to be defined**
- **CAR T cell trafficking to tumor and evidence of spreading immunity**
- **Checkpoint blockade with PD-1 and CTLA-4 antagonists augments the activity of CAR T cells in preclinical models and early stage clinical trials**

1. Beatty GL, et al . Mesothelin-specific chimeric antigen receptor mRNA-engineered T cells induce anti-tumor activity in solid malignancies. *Cancer Immunol Res*. 2014;2:112.
2. Beatty GL, et al. Activity of Mesothelin-specific Chimeric Antigen Receptor T cells Against Pancreatic Carcinoma Metastases in a Phase 1 Trial. *Gastroenterology*. 2018; pii: S0016-5085(18)30323.

Multiplex Engineered T Cells in Cancer



NY-ESO-1-specific TCR-engineered T cells mediate sustained antigen-specific antitumor effects in myeloma

Aaron P Rapoport^{1,8}, Edward A Stadtmauer^{2,8}, Gwendolyn K Binder-Scholl^{3,8}, Olga Goloubeva^{1,4}, Dan T Vogl², Simon F Lacey^{2,5}, Ashraf Z Badros¹, Alfred Garfall², Brendan Weiss², Jeffrey Finklestein^{4,5}, Irina Kulikovskaya^{2,5}, Sanjoy K Sinha⁶, Shari Kronsberg^{1,4}, Minnal Gupta^{2,5}, Sarah Bond⁷, Luca Melchiori³, Joanna E Brewer³, Alan D Bennett³, Andrew B Gerry³, Nicholas J Pumphrey³, Daniel Williams³, Helen K Tayton- Martin³, Lilliam Ribeiro³, Tom Holdich³, Saul Yanovich¹, Nancy Hardy¹, Jean Yared¹, Naseem Kerr⁵, Sunita Philip¹, Sandra Westphal¹, Don L Siegel^{2,5}, Bruce L Levine^{2,5}, Bent K Jakobsen³, Michael Kalos^{2,5,8} & Carl H June^{2,5}

Encouraging clinical responses were observed in 16 of 20 patients (80%) with advanced disease, with a median progression-free survival of 19.1 months. NY-ESO-1-LAGE-1 TCR-engineered T cells were safe, trafficked to marrow and showed extended persistence that correlated with clinical activity against antigen-positive myeloma.

VOLUME 21 | NUMBER 8 | AUGUST 2015 **NATURE MEDICINE**

- Relapse associated with loss of gene modified cells
- Evidence suggests that NY-ESO-1 T cells become exhausted
- How to enhance survival and function?

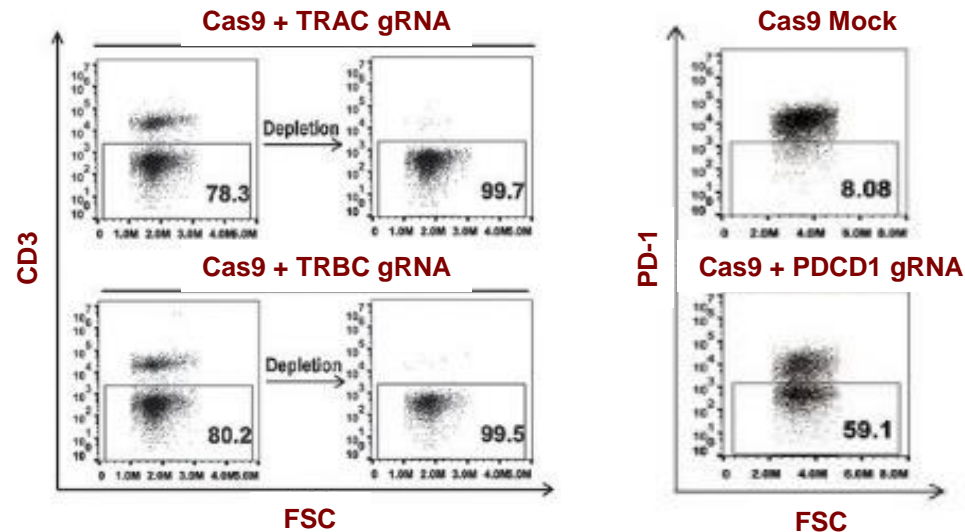
Hypothesis and Pre-clinical Work

MATERIAL OWNED BY BRUCE LEVINE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA

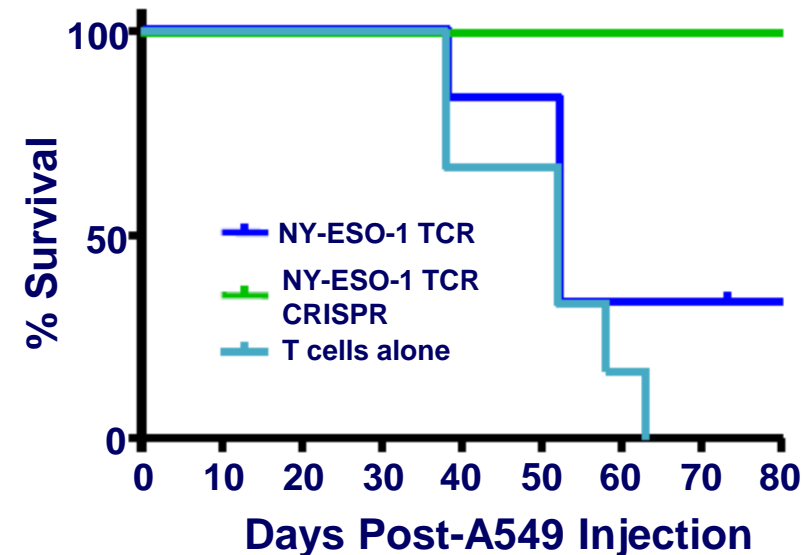
- **Hypothesis:**

- Removal of genes encoding the endogenous TCR, TCR α (*TRAC*) and TCR β (*TRBC*), would enhance NY-ESO-1 TCR activity and reduce autoimmunity
 - Removal of PD-1 (*PDCD1*) would enhance activity and persistence
- We previously demonstrated CRISPR/Cas9 and *TRAC*, *TRBC* and *PDCD1* targeting gRNAs could be successfully introduced via electroporation in preclinical models to disrupt gene expression

CRISPR/Cas9 Editing of T cells

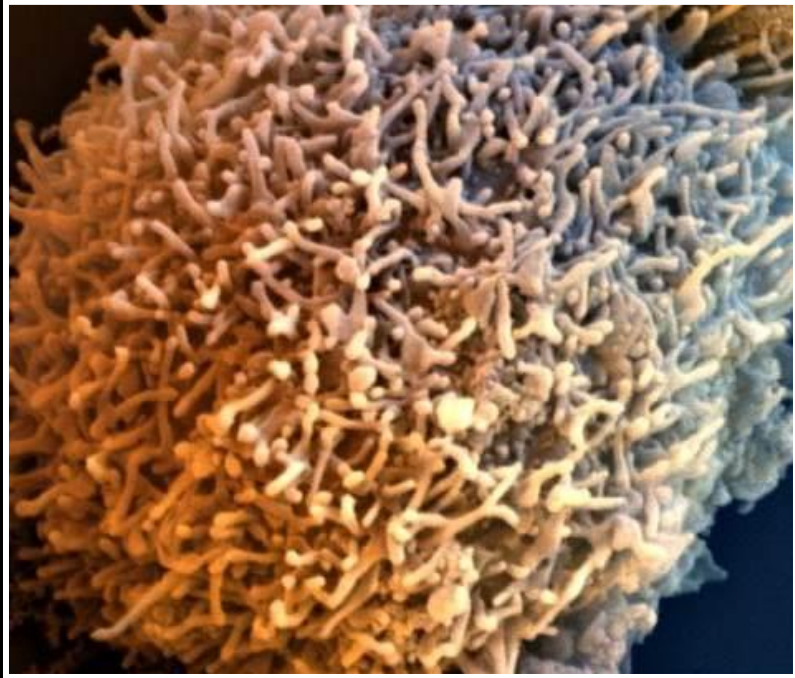


Overall Survival



The Era of Synthetic Biology

Advanced Cellular Re-Programming



- Logic Gated Boolean CAR's- "And", "Or", Not
- Safety Switches
- Conditional/Stealth CAR's
- Armored CAR's

NY-ESO-1 TCR CRISPR Triple Edited (TCR α TCR β PD1) T Cell

Study Objectives

Objectives

Primary: Determine safety profile of a single infusion of autologous t cells modified to express NY-ESO-1 transgenic TCR and gene edited at the endogenous TCR and PD-1 (CRISPR edited T cells)

Secondary:

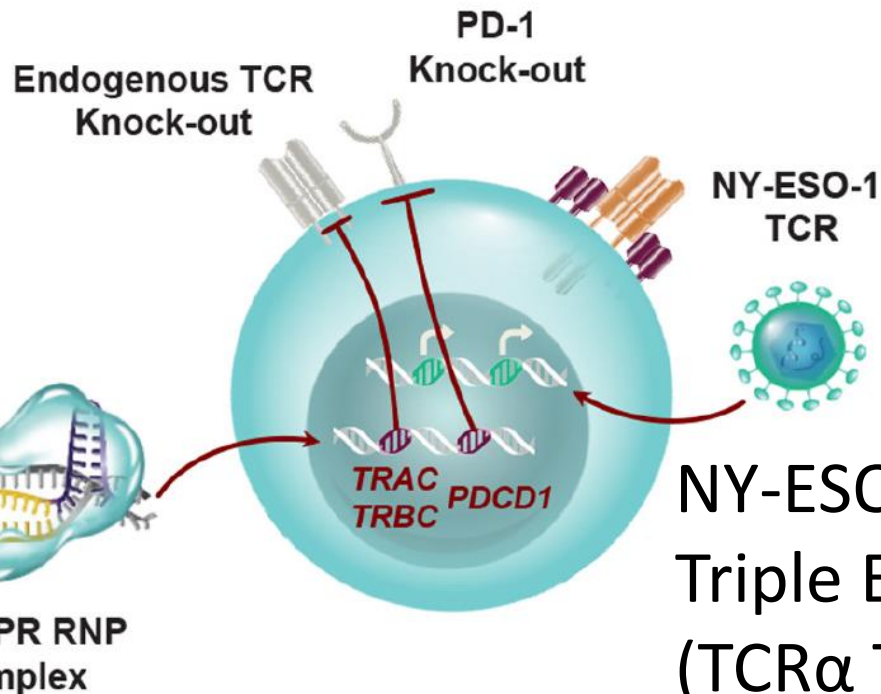
1. Describe anti-tumor responses and survival after infusion
2. Evaluate manufacturing feasibility
3. Determine engraftment, persistence, and trafficking of NY-ESO-1 redirected CRISPR cells
4. Evaluate bioactivity of NY-ESO-1 redirected CRISPR cells
5. Describe the incidence of immunogenicity

Adult patients HLA-A2*0201 positive who have relapsed/refractory tumors expressing NY-ESO-1 antigen. Patients with myeloma, synovial sarcoma, melanoma

CRISPR-engineered T cells in patients with refractory cancer

Edward A. Stadtmauer,^{1,2*†} Joseph A. Fraietta,^{2,3,4,5*} Megan M. Davis,^{5,6} Adam D. Cohen,^{1,2} Kristy L. Weber,^{2,7} Eric Lancaster,⁸ Patricia A. Mangan,¹ Irina Kulikovskaya,⁵ Minnal Gupta,⁵ Fang Chen,⁵ Lifeng Tian,⁵ Vanessa E. Gonzalez,⁵ Jun Xu,⁵ In-young Jung,^{4,5} J. Joseph Melenhorst,^{3,5,6} Gabriela Plesa,⁵ Joanne Shea,⁵ Tina Matlawski,⁵ Amanda Cervini,⁵ Avery L. Gaymon,⁵ Stephanie Desjardins,⁵ Anne Lamontagne,⁵ January Salas-McKee,⁵ Andrew Fesnak,^{5,6} Donald L. Siegel,^{5,6} Bruce L. Levine,^{5,6} Julie K. Jadowsky,⁵ Regina M. Young,⁵ Anne Chew,⁵ Wei-Ting Hwang,⁹ Elizabeth O. Hexner,^{1,2} Beatriz M. Carreno,^{3,5,6} Christopher L. Nobles,⁴ Frederic D. Bushman,⁴ Kevin R. Parker,¹⁰ Yanyan Qi,¹¹ Ansuman T. Satpathy,^{10,11} Howard Y. Chang,^{10,12} Yangbing Zhao,^{5,6} Simon F. Lacey,^{5,6*} Carl H. June^{2,3,5,6*†}

NYCE T cell

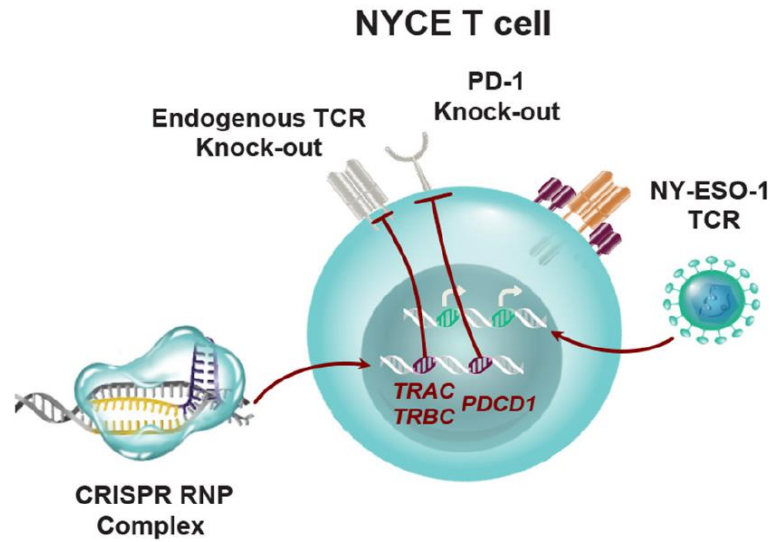


NY-ESO-1 TCR CRISPR
Triple Edited
(TCRα TCRβ PD1) T Cell

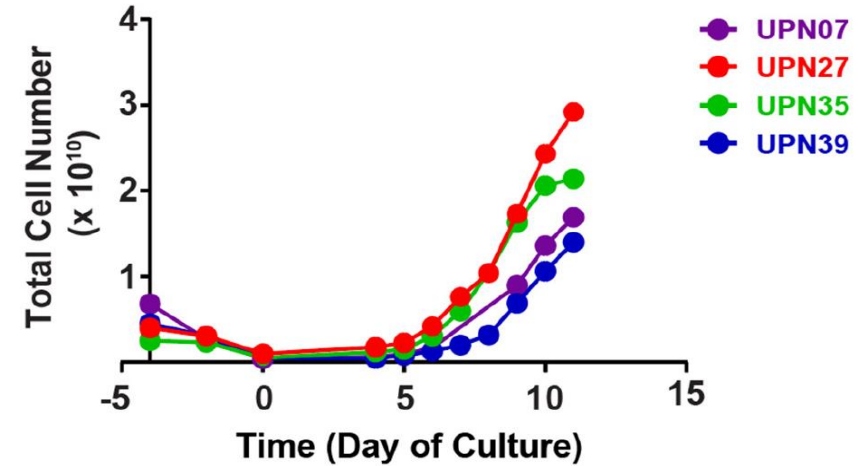


Feasibility of multiplex human genome editing with CRISPR-Cas9: Cell Product

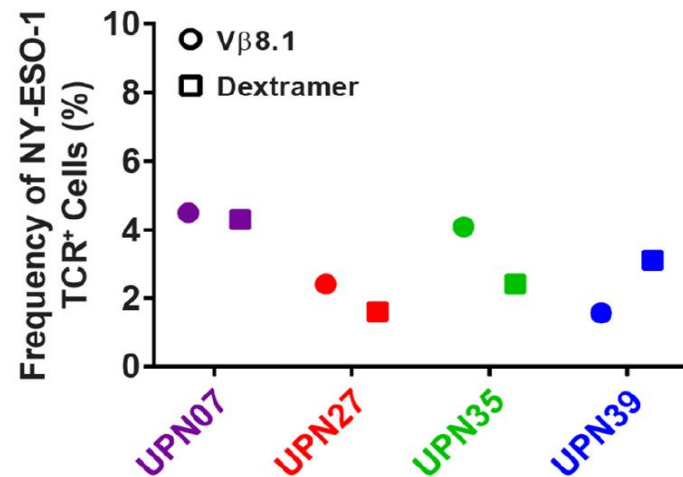
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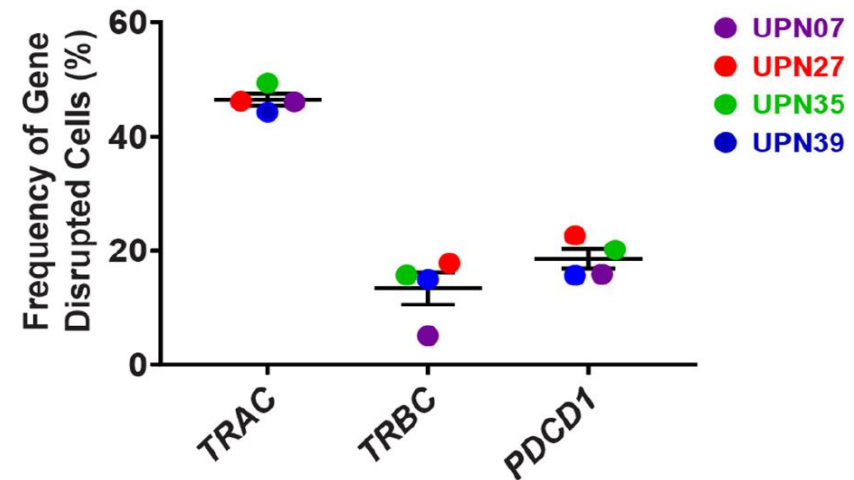
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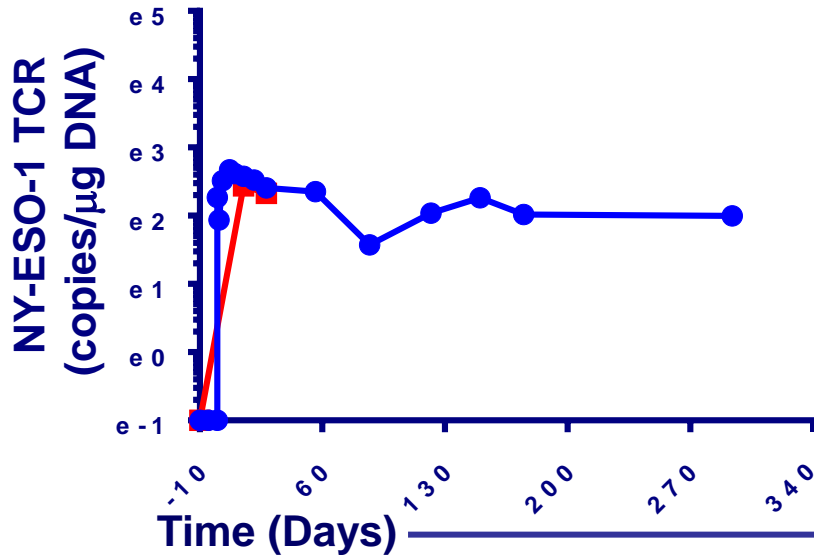
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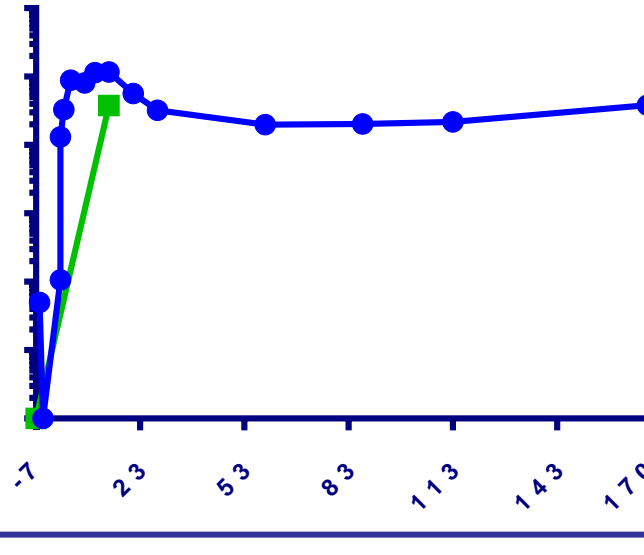
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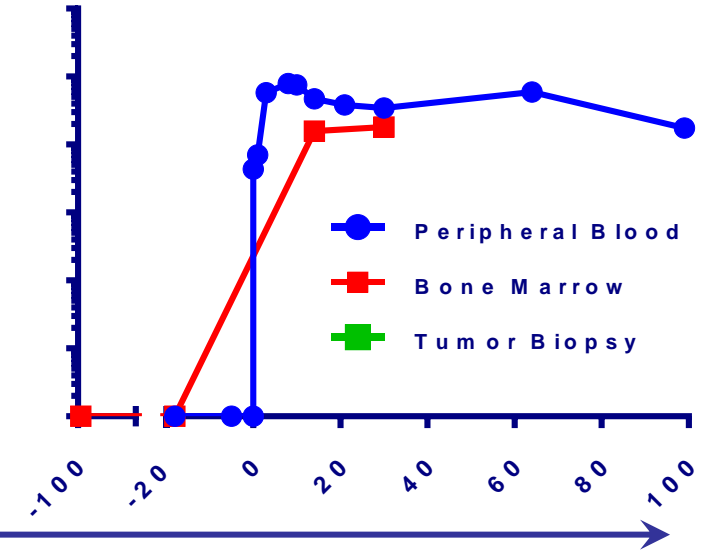
25416-35



25416-39

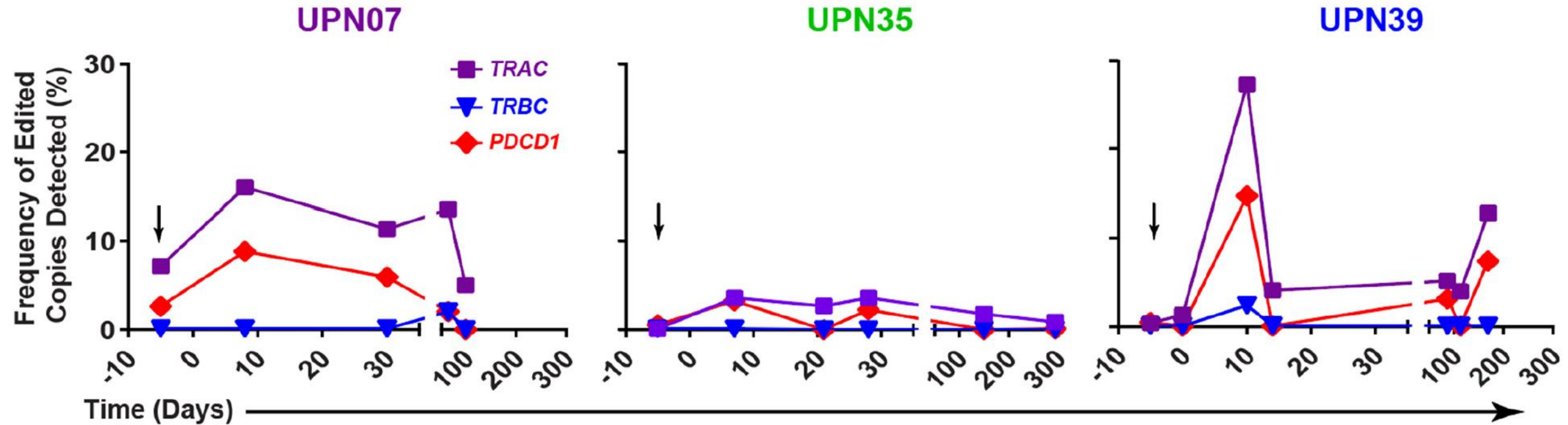


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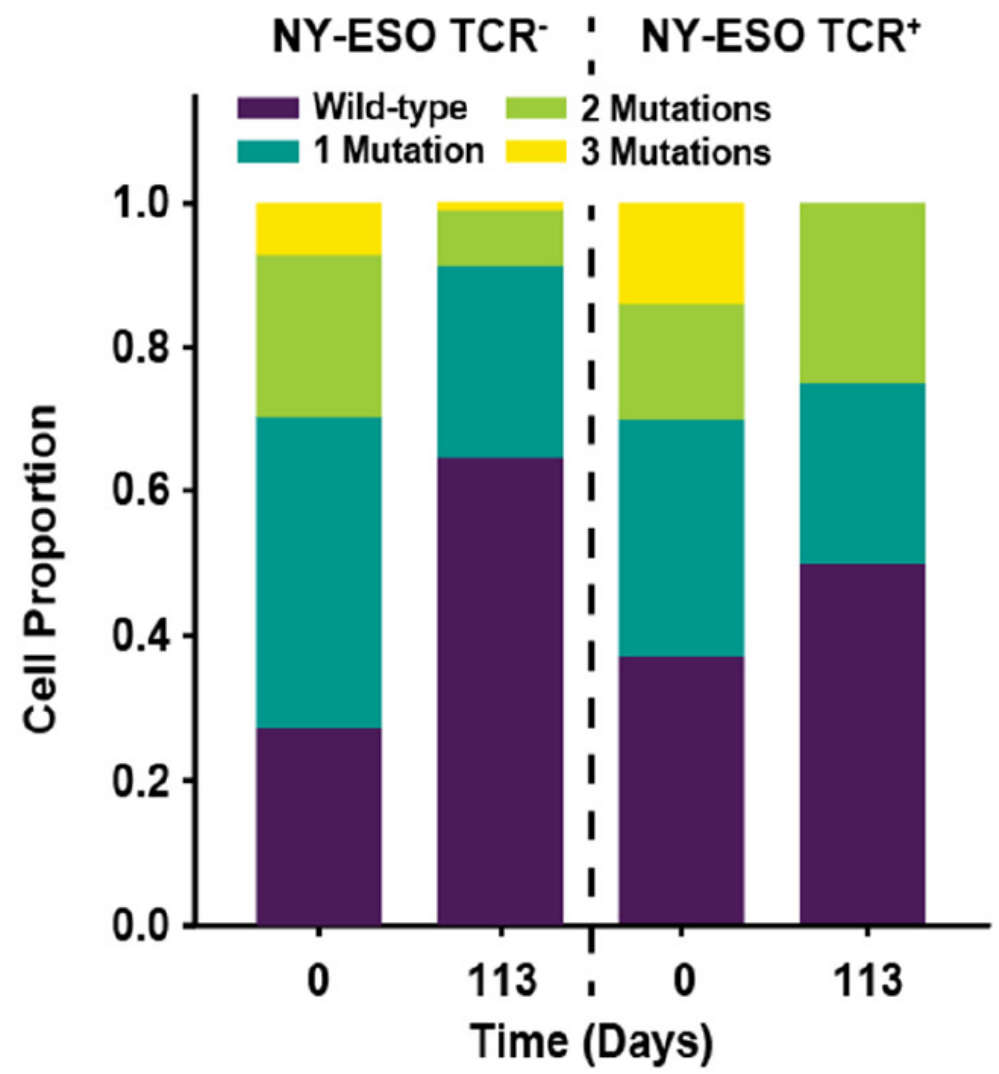
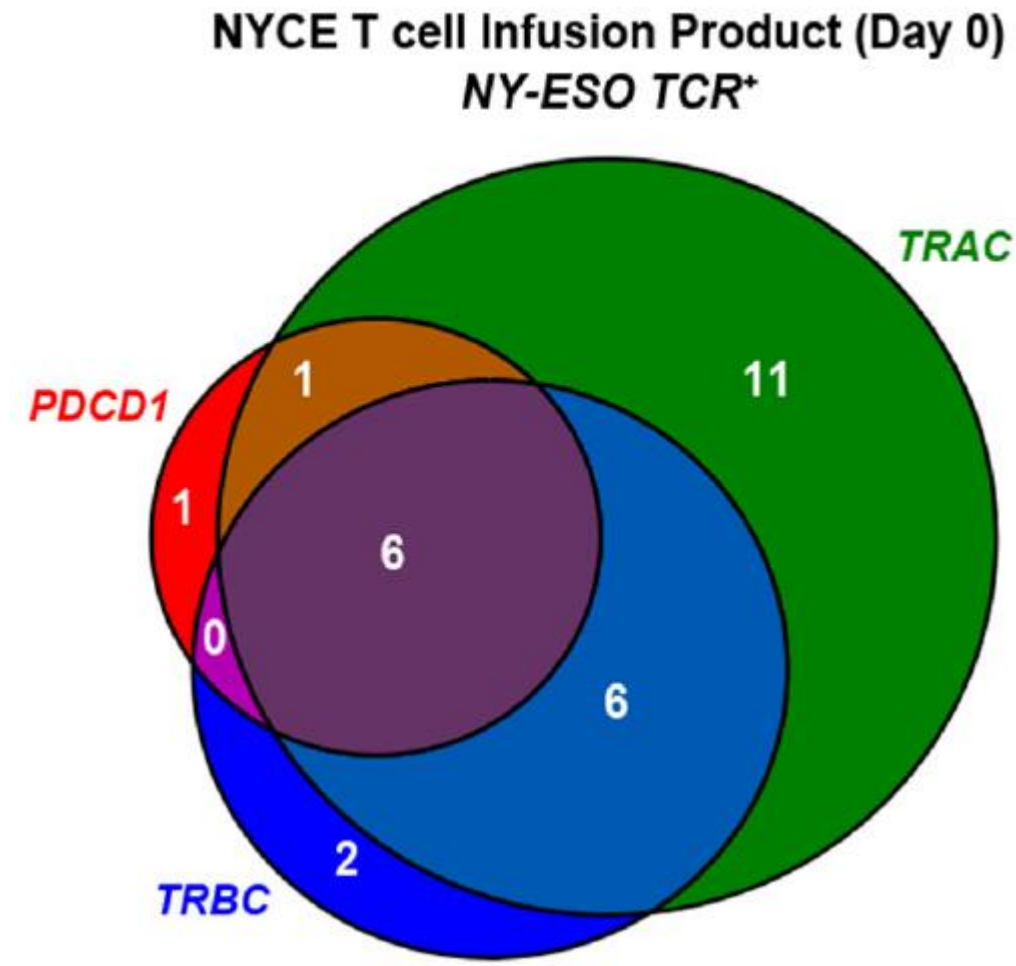


- There is rapid expansion and stable persistence of T cells expressing the NY-ESO-1 transgenic TCR as measured by qPCR in all 3 patients
 - The stable PK of NY-ESO-1 expressing T cells is very different from the PK of CAR T cells which tends to decrease more quickly
- Clear trafficking of T cells to the tumor
 - The levels of T cells expressing the NY-ESO-1 TCR in bone marrow and tumor is similar to blood

NYCE CRISPR Genome-Edited Cells: Persistence in Blood of TRAC, TRBC, and PDCD1 edits by dPCR



- TRAC and PD1 have highest frequency
- TRBC was lowest efficiency in vitro, and also in vivo
- Pt 07 shortest follow up



NY-ESO-1 CRISPR (TCR-PD1) Triple Edited T Cell Study Summary

1. A single infusion of CRISPR/Cas9 triple edited T cells is safe in 3 patients
 - No cytokine release syndrome, no severe adverse events
 - Best response is stable disease
2. Persistent engraftment of the edited T cells for at least 6 months
 - Suggests immunogenicity of Cas9 is not occurring under these conditions
 - Studies to determine impact of T cells on NY-ESO1 and LAGE1 expression are pending
3. Up to 10% of the TCR-modified T cells have PD1 disruption at 1 to 6 months
 - No evidence of autoimmunity
4. This trial: 2016-17 gene editing technology. New trial: latest improved gene editing technology



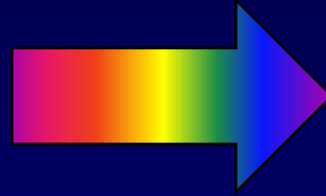
Table S1. NFE2L3 cell product release specifications

Assay	Release Specification
Cell viability on sentinel vial	>70%
Transduction efficiency by flow cytometry (Net Vβ8.1 surface expression)	≥ 2%
Residual bead number	< 100 beads / 3e6 cells
Endotoxin	Negative
Mycoplasma	Negative
BACTEC culture	No growth at day 7
IL-2 independent growth (long-term culture)	No proliferation in absence of IL-2
Fungal culture	No growth at day 7
Transduction efficiency for transgene integration (qPCR WPRE copy number)	≥ 0.02 - ≤ 5 average copies/cell
RCL (VSVg copy number)	Decreasing from day 5 to post-harvest or < 50 average copies/ug DNA
Disruption of <i>TRAC</i> gene (TCR-alpha editing)	Detectable disruption
Disruption of <i>TRBC</i> gene (TCR-beta editing)	Detectable disruption
Disruption of <i>PDCD1</i> gene	Detectable disruption
Residual Cas9 protein	Decreasing Cas9 concentration from day 0 to harvest

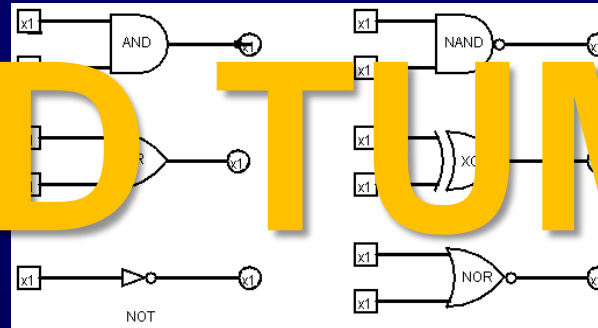
What a Gene Editing Investigator May Be Asked

- Worst case scenario: induced off-target effects that induce transformation, and a form of hematologic malignancy
- FDA: Off target sites identification needs to be based on not only in silico analysis but also on unbiased assays.
- # gRNAs evaluated, detailed description of manufacture, # non-complementary bases tolerated, sequence of Cas9, purity, ratio of free vs complexed protein, stability, residual
- Laboratory test, validated laboratory test, CLIA test
- Long term culture assay
- Cell product potency

Synthetic Biology: The Advanced CAR Toolbox



SOLID TUMORS



- Logic Gated Boolean CAR's- "And", "Or", Not
- Checkpoint Resistant CAR's
- Safety Switches
- Conditional/Stealth CAR's



Evolution in Tools



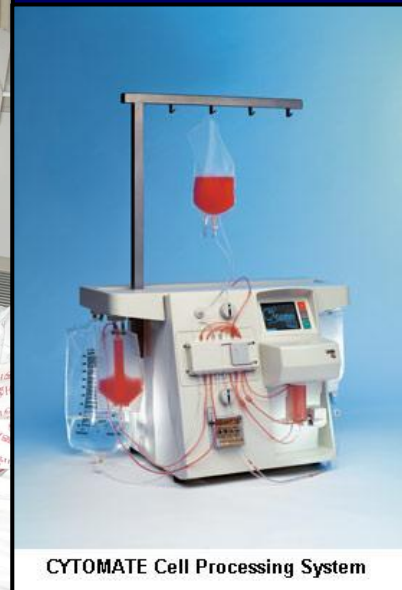
Evolution in Manufacturing



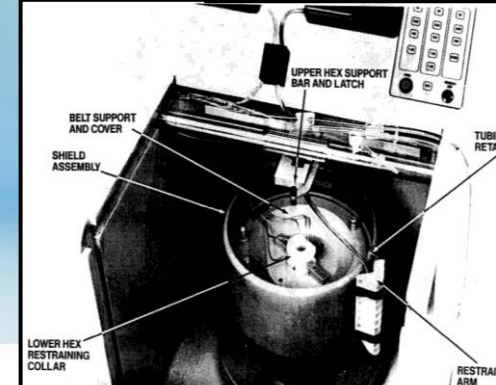
MATERIAL OWNED BY BRUCE LEVINE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA



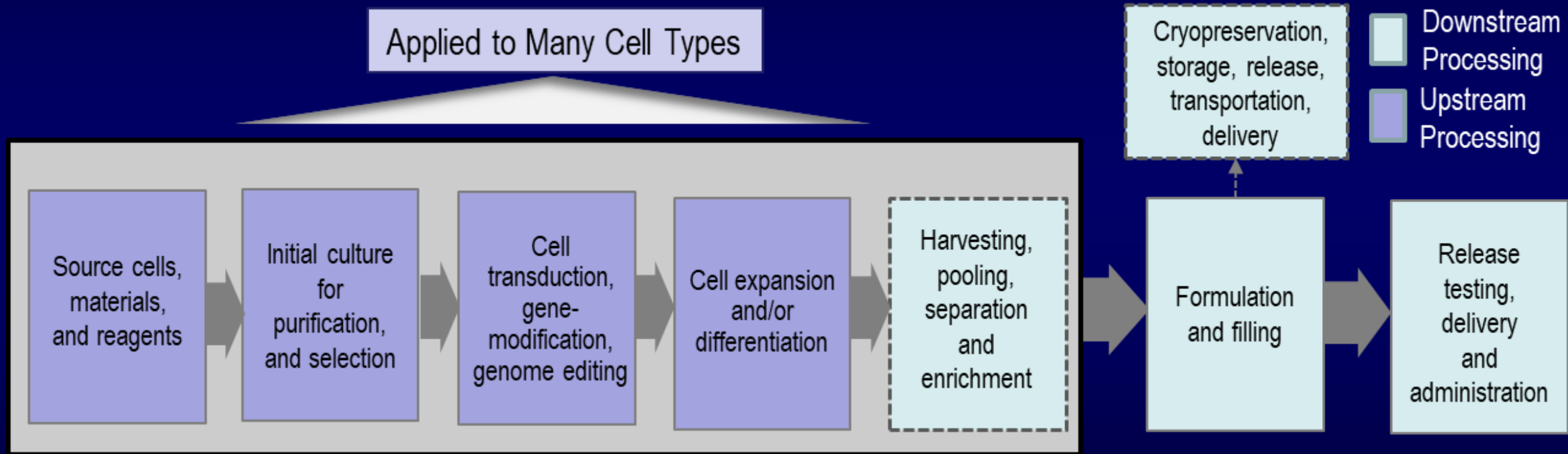
Neolithic Cell Therapy



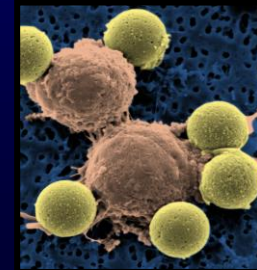
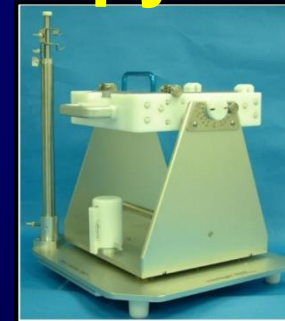
CYTOMATE Cell Processing System



Ex Vivo Immune Cell Engineering Processing Flow

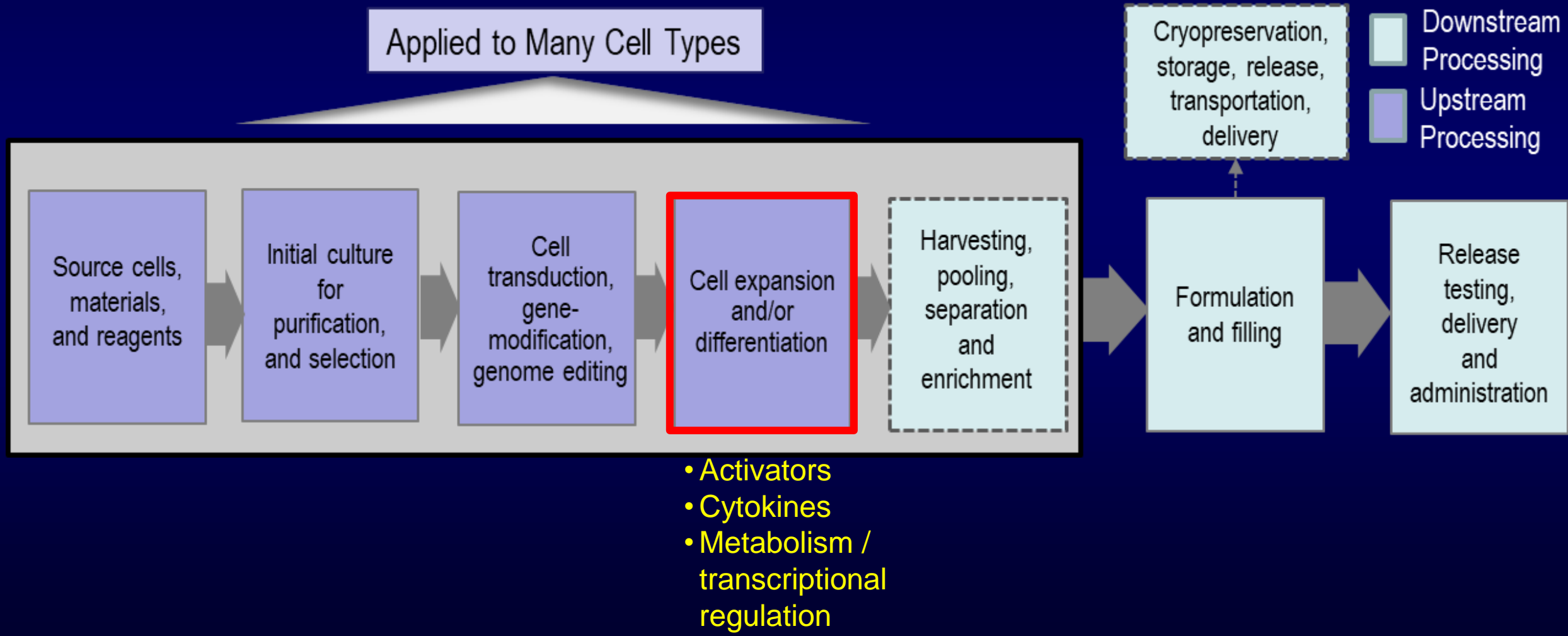


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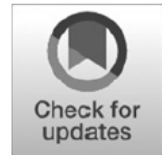
Anthropocene Cell Therapy

Ex Vivo Immune Cell Engineering Processing Flow

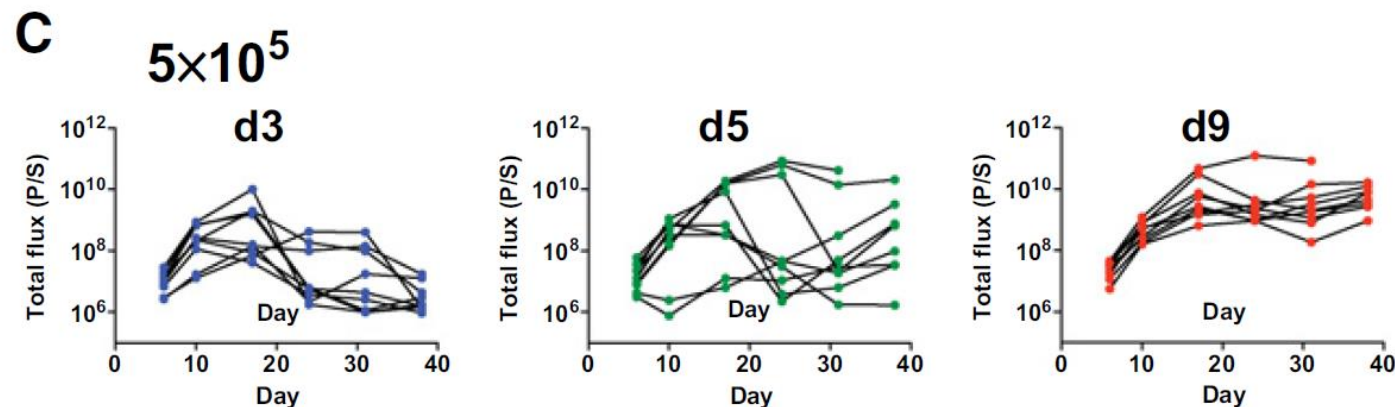
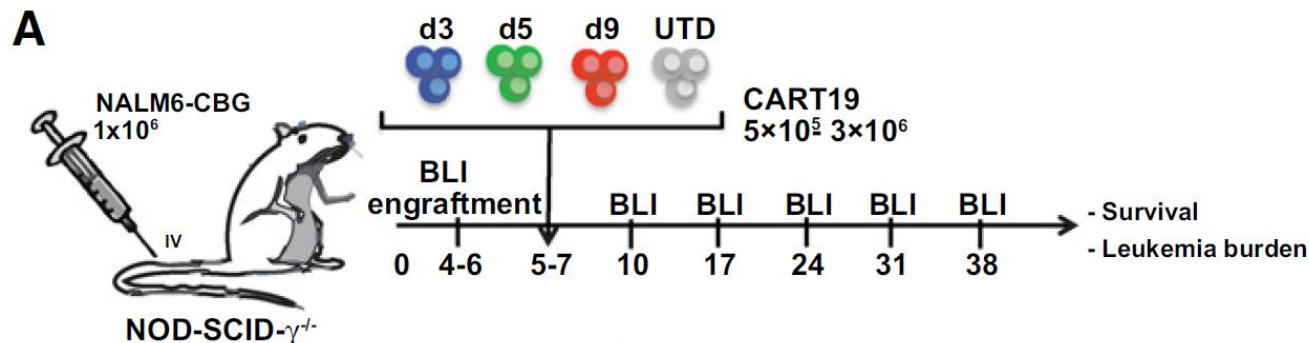


Manufacturing Improvements: Faster CAR's





Reducing *Ex Vivo* Culture Improves the Antileukemic Activity of Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T Cells



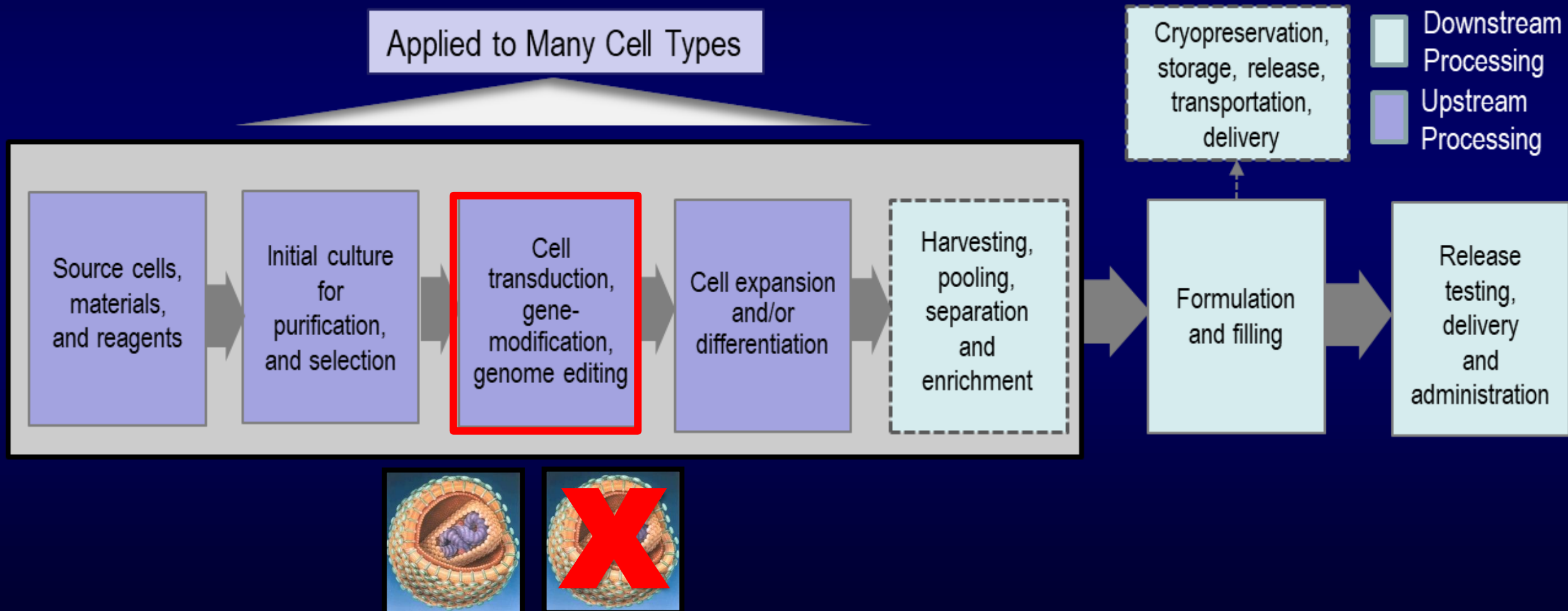
Successful 24-Hours Manufacture of Anti-CD19/CD22 Dual Chimeric Antigen Receptor (CAR) T Cell Therapy for B-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (B-ALL) – Gracell, Shanghai, China

Table 1. Characteristics of 10 patients

Patient #	Gender (M/F)	Age (yrs)	BM blasts by flow cytometry (%)	Prior transplant	Prior CD19 CAR-T	CAR-T cell dose (cells/kg)	Response in 2 weeks	Response in 4 weeks	CRS	ICANS	From CAR-T to HSCT (days)	Disease status at last evaluation
Y02001	M	48	41.6	No	No	6.00×10^4	NR	CR MRD-	1	0	—	Relapsed with MRD+ on day 116
Y02002	F	5	17.7	No	No	6.00×10^4	CR MRD-	CR MRD-	1	1	48	Expired from GVHD, infection on day 143
Y02003	M	17	0.5	No	Yes	1.53×10^5	CR MRD+	—	0	0	—	Withdrew on day 14
Y02004	F	13	0.1	No	No	1.02×10^5	CR MRD-	CR MRD-	1	0	71	MRD-CR on day 210
Y02005	F	11	24.3	No	No	1.50×10^5	CR MRD-	CR MRD-	1	0	57	MRD-CR on day 187
Y02006	F	9	36.6	No	Yes	1.00×10^5 (second infusion 2.62×10^5)	CR MRD+	CR MRD+	0	0	—	Second infusion NR
Y02007	M	3	0.5	No	No	1.00×10^5	CR MRD-	CR MRD-	1	0	63	MRD-CR on day 106
Y02008	F	13	34.2	Yes	Yes	1.50×10^5	CR MRD-	CR MRD-	0	0	—	Relapsed on day 84
Y02009	M	5	0.1	No	No	1.51×10^5	CR MRD-	CR MRD-	0	0	64	MRD-CR on day 91
Y02010	M	12	63.5	No	No	2.25×10^5	CR MRD-	CR MRD-	2	0	—	MRD-CR on day 28

BM: bone marrow, HSCT: hematopoietic stem cell transplantation, CRS: cytokine release syndrome, ICANS: immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome, NR: no response, MRD: minimal residual disease, CR: complete remission, MRD-CR: MRD-negative CR, GVHD: graft-versus-host disease

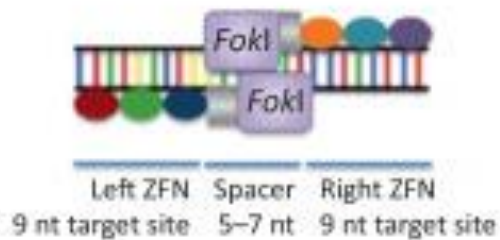
Activated T Cell Ex Vivo Processing Flow



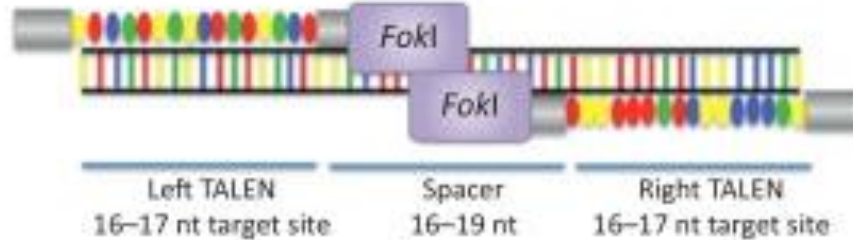
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Genomic disruption (and insertion) as therapeutic cell engineering tools

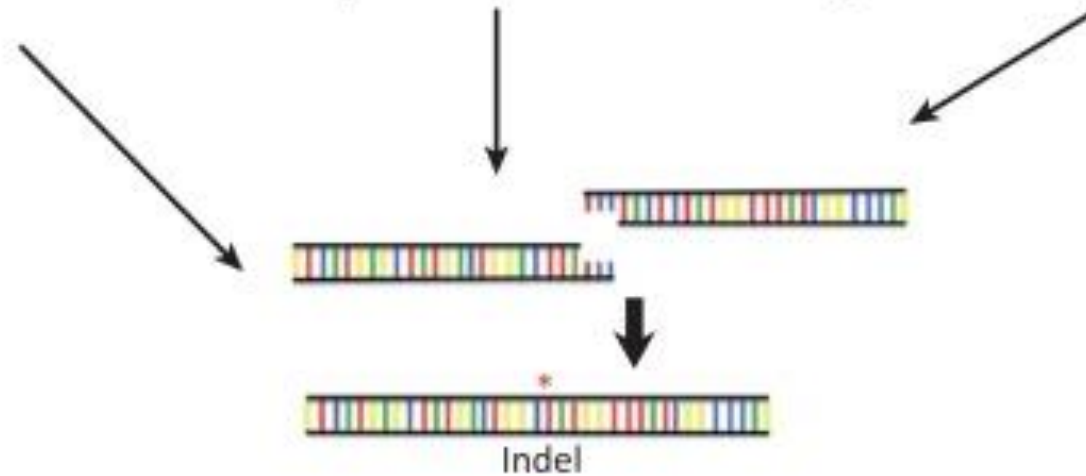
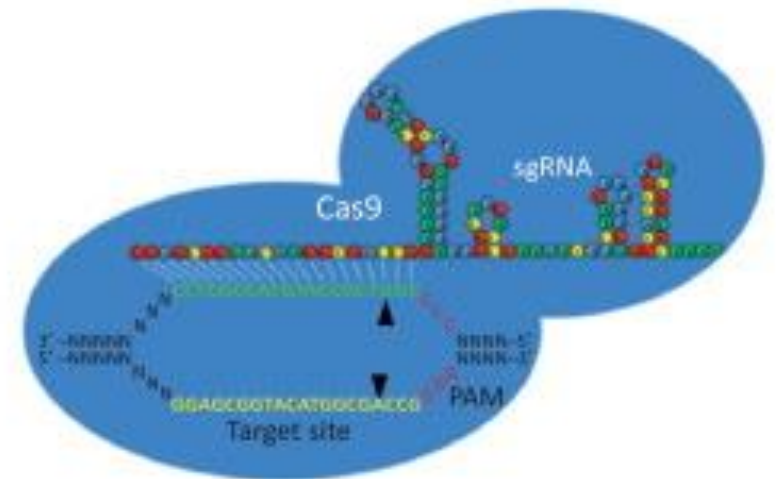
(A) ZFN
Zinc finger nuclease



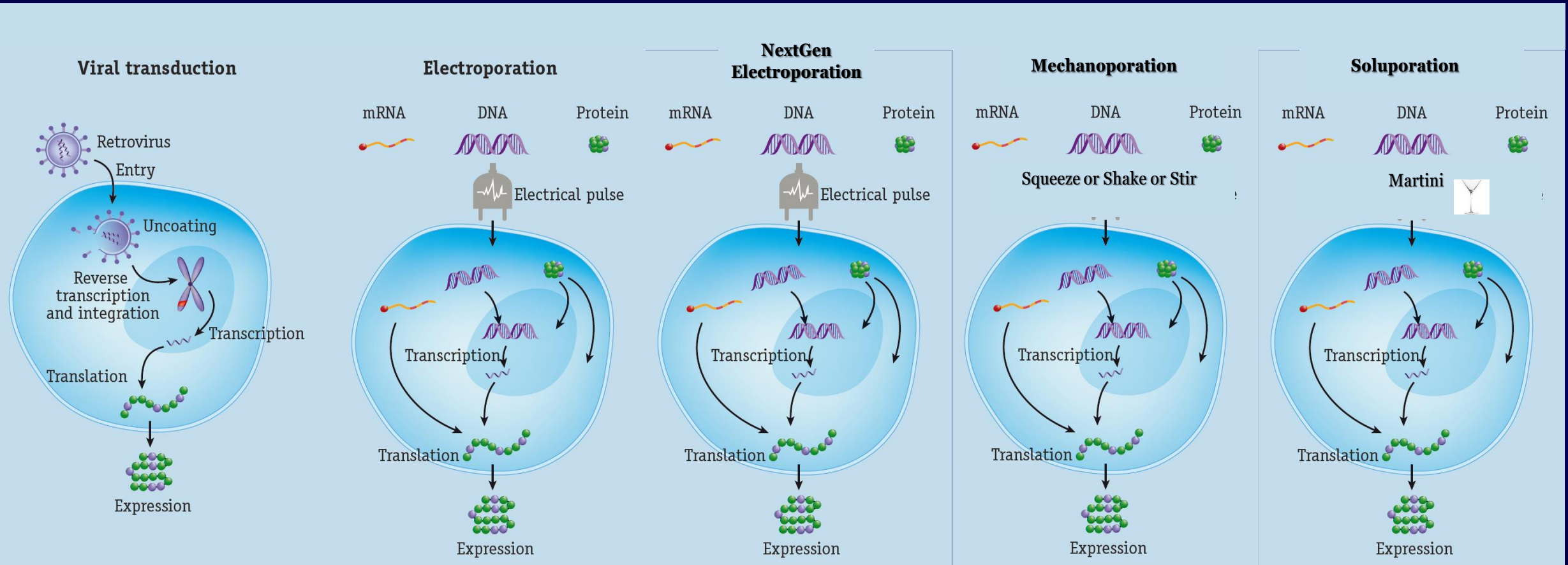
(B) TALEN
Transcription activator-like effector nuclease



(C) CRISPR-Cas system



Cellular Door Dash: Gene/Cargo Delivery



(Some) Critical Path issues for Wider Patient Access

- Enhancing potency, especially for solid tumors
 - Armor, switches, combinations (CAR's)
- Manufacturing complexity: cell-based living drugs, viral vectors
 - Automation/shortened ex vivo culture
- Education & Training at all levels
 - ISCT (isctglobal.org), et al.



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The End of the FDA Enforcement Discretion Period and its Implications



An ISCT Presidential Task Force on the Use of Unproven and/or
Unethical Cell and Gene Therapy Webinar

Thursday, June 17th

10:30–12:00 PDT / 12:30–14:00 CDT

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Laertis Ikononou, PhD

Chair

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and/or Unethical Cell and Gene Therapy
United States

Speakers



Wilson Bryan, MD

Director

Office of Tissues and Advanced Therapies
FDA
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Virginia Lyons, PhD

Senator

Vermont State Senate
United States



Leigh Turner, PhD

Associate Professor
Center for Bioethics
University of Minnesota
United States



Michael Lehmicke

Director

Alliance for Regenerative Medicine
United States

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- Education & Training at all levels
 - ISCT (isctglobal.org), et al.
- Financial complexity/affordability
 - Predictive biomarkers
 - Value based payment links price to outcome



CAR Cells Move Beyond T Cells in Oncology

- **CAR T Cells for HIV/AIDS**

Multispecific anti-HIV duoCAR-T cells display broad in vitro antiviral activity and potent in vivo elimination of HIV-infected cells in a humanized mouse model

 Kim Anthony-Gonda^{1,*},  Ariola Bardhi^{2,*},  Alex Ray²,  Nina Flerin²,  Mengyan Li², Weizao Chen³,  Christina Ochsenbauer⁴,  John C. Kappes^{4,5},  Winfried Krueger¹,  Andrew Worden¹, Dina Schneider¹, Zhongyu Zhu¹,  Rimas Orentas^{1,†},  Dimitar S. Dimitrov^{6,‡},  Harris Goldstein^{2,‡} and  Boro Dropulić^{1,‡}

- **CAR T Cells for Autoimmunity and Organ Transplantation**

- **CAR Macrophages for Cancer**



LETTERS

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-020-0462-y>

Check for updates

Human chimeric antigen receptor macrophages for cancer immunotherapy

- **CAR T Cells for Heart Failure and Fibrosis**

- **CAR T Cell for Aging?**



Targeting cardiac fibrosis with engineered T cells



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS



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It Takes A Village

