Communicating Emerging Drug Therapies Prior to FDA Approval

May 4, 2017





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Communicating Emerging Drug Therapies Prior to FDA Approval

The Legal and Regulatory Landscape

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Barriers to Communications Under Current FDA Regulations

Pre-approval communications

21 C.F.R. § 312.7 Promotion of investigational drugs.

(a) Promotion of an investigational new drug. A sponsor or investigator, or any person acting on behalf of a sponsor or investigator, shall not represent in a promotional context that an investigational new drug is safe or effective for the purposes for which it is under investigation or otherwise promote the drug. This provision is not intended to restrict the full exchange of scientific information concerning the drug, including dissemination of scientific findings in scientific or lay media. Rather, its intent is to restrict promotional claims of safety or effectiveness of the drug for a use for which it is under investigation and to preclude commercialization of the drug before it is approved for commercial distribution.

Barriers to Communications Under Current FDA Regulations

Information on unapproved new uses of approved drugs

21 C.F.R. § 201.100(c)

- (c)(1) Labeling on or within the package from which the drug is to be dispensed bears adequate information for its use, including indications, effects, dosages, routes, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, and any relevant hazards, contraindications, side effects, and precautions under which practitioners licensed by law to administer the drug can use the drug safely and for the purposes for which it is intended, including all purposes for which it is advertised or represented; and
- (2) If the article is subject to section 505 of the act, the labeling bearing such information is the labeling authorized by the approved new drug application

See also 21 C.F.R. § 201.100(d).

Evolving First Amendment Case Law

- Rise of commercial speech doctrine
 - Valentine v. Chrestensen
 - Virginia State Board of Pharmacy
 - Central Hudson
- Emerging shifts in case law
 - Washington Legal Found. (D.DC 1999)
 - Western States (US 2002)
 - IMS v. Sorrell (US 2011)
- New cases
 - United States v. Caronia (2d Cir. 2012)
 - Amarin v. FDA (SDNY 2015)
 - Town of Gilbert (US 2015)
 - Pacira v. FDA (SDNY 2015)
 - United States v. Vascular Solutions (W.D.Tx 2016)



FDA Responses

"Drug and Device Manufacturer Communications With Payors, Formulary Committees, and Similar Entities – Questions and Answers" (Draft Jan. 2017)

"Medical Product
Communications That Are
Consistent with the FDARequired Labeling – Questions
and Answers"
(Draft Jan. 2017)

Part 15 Hearing and Docket:

"Manufacturer Communications Regarding Unapproved Uses of Approved or Cleared Medical Products; Public Hearing; Request for Comments"

(Hearing November 2016)"



"Public Health Interests and First Amendment Considerations Related to Manufacturer Communications Regarding Unapproved Uses of Approved or Cleared Medical Products"

[Scientific Exchange?]

"Drug and Device Manufacturer Communications With Payors, Formulary Committees, and Similar Entities – Questions and Answers"

Pre-Approval Information on Investigational Drugs

- "FDA does not intend to object"
- ... to:
 - Product information (e.g., drug class)
 - Indication sought, including endpoints and populations studied
 - "Factual presentations of results from clinical or preclinical studies (i.e., no characterizations or conclusions should be made regarding the safety or effectiveness of the product"
 - Anticipated timeline for FDA action
 - Product pricing information
 - Targeting/marketing strategies (e.g., planned outreach strategies)
 - Product-related programs/services (e.g., patient support programs)

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"Drug and Device Manufacturer Communications With Payors, Formulary Committees, and Similar Entities – Questions and Answers"

Pre-Approval Information on Investigational Drugs

- Clear statement that product is under investigation
- Provide information on stage of product development
- Follow up when information becomes outdated
- Some questions/issues:
 - New indications
 - Relationship to regulations?
 - Including HCEI in pre-approval communication?
 - Who can deliver?
 - Any rules/limits on timing?

"Drug and Device Manufacturer Communications With Payors, Formulary Committees, and Similar Entities – Questions and Answers"

Audience:

- Includes payors, formulary committees, drug information centers, technology assessment panels, pharmacy benefit managers, and "other multidisciiplinary entities that review scientific and technology assessments to make drug selection, formulary management, and/or coverage and reimbursement decisions on a population basis for health care organizations"
 - Health care organizations may include integrated health care delivery networks, hospitals, hospital systems
- Key criteria:
 - Deliberative process
 - Population-based
 - Expertise
- Some questions
 - Financial risk?
 - Pathway organizations?
 - Group practices?

Select Additional Remaining Pre-Approval Issues

- Non-payor audiences
- Non-promotional scientific exchange
- Clarity in overall legal framework

Recent FDA Enforcement on Pre-Approval Communications

OPDP Untitled & Warning Letters, 2016 thru April 2017

- Chiasma octreotide capsules (12/2016)
- Zydus saroglitazar tablets (12/2016)
- DURECT & Pain Therapeutics Remoxy/PTI-821 (9/2016)
- Celator CPX-351 (8/2016)

4 of 11 letters on pre-approval

Thank You!

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Communications with Health Care Professionals and Payers

Michelle Drozd | Deputy Vice President



Challenge in Medicine's Information Age

In the era of data-driven medicine, health care professionals and payers seek more, not less, information about the safety, effectiveness, and value of treatments

Today, the wealth of information about medicines is more comprehensive and complex than ever before, and a modernized regulatory framework would support more effective sharing of important data





Payers, Providers, and Patients Are Using Real World Data to Inform Treatment Choices

Claims, Lab and Electronic Health Record Data

Clinical Trial Data





Tools to inform choice of treatment

Value-based contracts

Delivery reforms to support better outcomes



Ongoing Research and Use of a Medicine Over Time Improves Our Understanding

FDA approval and introduction of a new therapy is a significant milestone for patients but it is *only the beginning*.

Additional value may be realized over time through:

- ✓ Earlier use
- ✓ Use in combination with other agents
- Use in specific sub-populations of patients using diagnostics
- ✓ Use in other disease indications

"The relative value of a given cancer treatment is likely to change over its lifetime... the assessment of the value of any treatment must be dynamic and adapt to new medical information that may better inform its use, mitigate its toxicity, or modify its place in the treatment landscape."

American Society of Clinical Oncology²



A Responsible Path Forward

FDA should define clear standards governing *responsible, truthful and non-misleading communications* to inform health care professionals and payers about the safe and effective use of medicines

Key principles should include:



Science-based communication



Provide appropriate context about data



Tailoring communications to the intended audience

The PhRMA-BIO Principles pertain primarily to data and information outside of FDA-approved labeling, such as additional clinical trials or analysis of real-world patient outcomes





Three Part Approach to Regulatory Reform: Categories of Communication

Communications with Payers / Population Health Decision Makers

- Pharmacoeconomic information
- Pipeline information (pre-approval)
- Broad clinical information to payers

Communications with HCPs (Consistent w/ Approved Indication)

- Real-World Evidence
- Subpopulation information
- Other information from clinical trials

Communications
with HCPs (Medically
Accepted Alternative Uses)

- Real-World Evidence
- Subpopulation information
- Other information from clinical trials



Recent FDA Activity on Manufacturer Communications

Audionas	Investigational	Approved Products		
Audience	products	Approved Uses	Unapproved Uses	
Payers & Population Health Decision Makers	Draft Gui Drug And Device Communications With Committees Or S	e Manufacturer n <u>Payers</u> , Formulary	 Final Rule: Amendments to Regulations Regarding "Intended Uses" Open Docket: Manufacturer Communications Regarding Unapproved Uses of Approved or Cleared Medical Products 	
Health Care Professionals	No Recent Changes	Draft Guidance: Medical Product Communications that are <u>Consistent</u> with the FDA-Required Labeling	Memorandum: Public Health Interests and First Amendment Considerations Related to Manufacturer Communications Regarding Unapproved Uses of Approved or Cleared Medical Products	



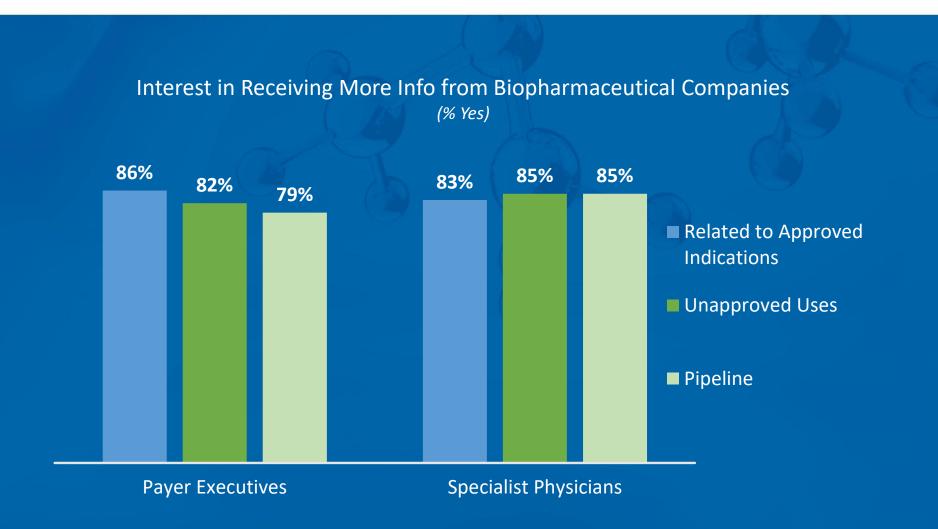
Many Unapproved Uses of Medicines are Medically-Accepted

Examination of medically accepted unapproved uses for 46 branded medicines from CMS-recognized compendia used for Medicare or Medicaid payment purposes

	NCCN Compendium	DRUGDEX Compendium
Medicines with Any Recommendation for Unapproved Use	31 (67%)	15 (33%)
Types of Unapproved Use*		
Additional Combinations Not Included on the Label	27 (59%)	7 (15%)
Subpopulations not Included in the Main Indication	8 (17%)	0
Use in Alternative Disease Progression (e.g. Lines of Therapy)	29 (63%)	1 (2%)
Recommendations on Other Aspects Considered for Diagnosis (e.g. pregnancy, diagnostic test results, or genetic test results)	13 (28%)	0

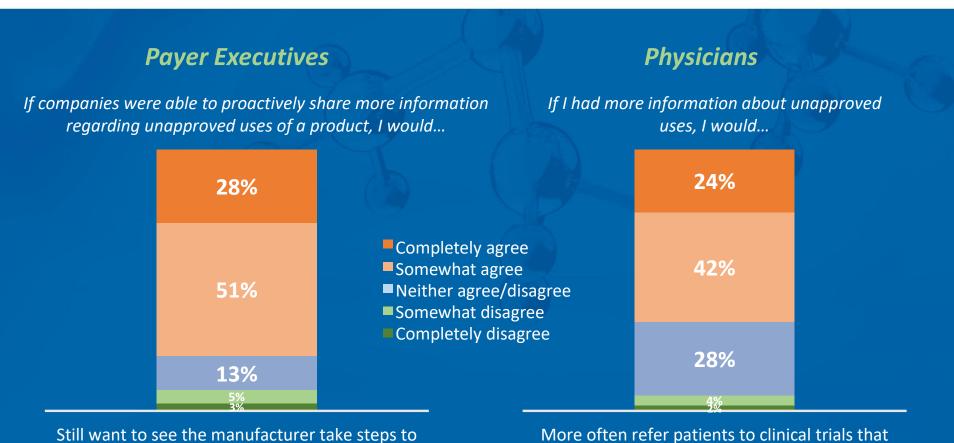


Payers and Providers Want More Information From Manufacturers





FDA Approval Will Remain the Gold Standard for Stakeholders





have the use approved as an indication in the product labeling

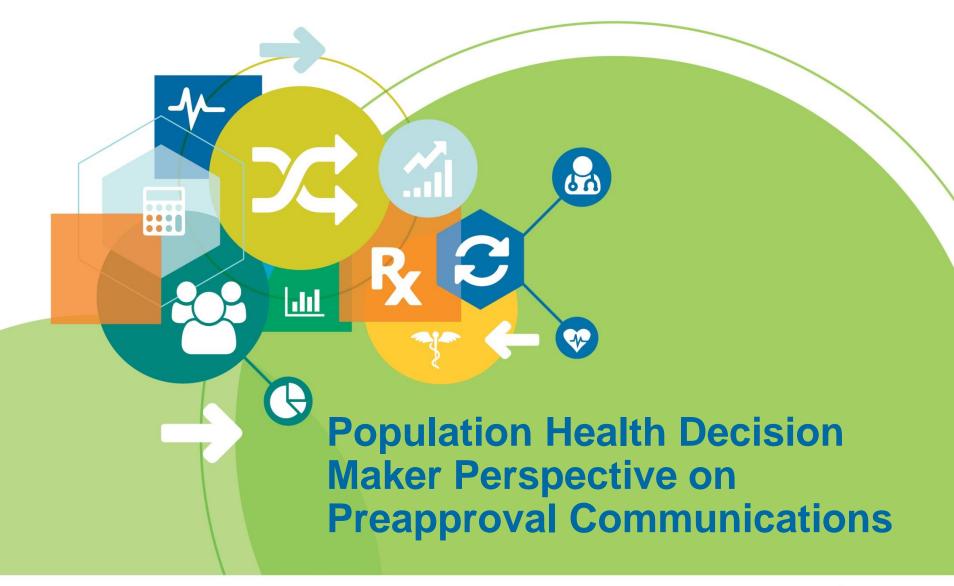
seek to develop evidence about the benefits of

these uses

Conclusion

- FDA guidance documents are a significant step forward, further clarification would be helpful in some cases
- Manufacturers should have additional flexibility to communicate with payers and health care professionals about unapproved uses – particularly medically accepted alternative uses





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Academy of Managed Care Pharmacy



Managed care pharmacy - improving health care for all



To empower its members to serve society by using sound medication management principles and strategies to improve health care for all

AMCP

Nation's leading professional association dedicated to increasing patient access to affordable medicines, improving health outcomes and ensuring the wise use of health care dollars



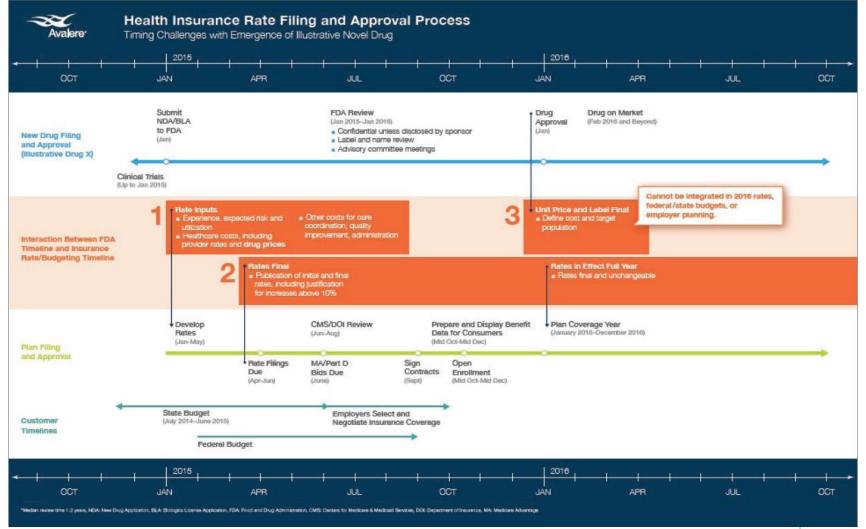


Proper planning, budgeting, and forecasting





Health Insurance Rate Filing and Approval Process







Proper planning, budgeting, and forecasting

Value-based payment models





Proper planning, budgeting, and forecasting

Value-based payment models

FDA breakthrough designation





Proper planning, budgeting, and forecasting

Value-based payment models

FDA breakthrough designation





AMCP Partnership Forum

Objective: To convene a Partnership Forum for stakeholders to define AMCP's role in meeting the needs of managed care pharmacy with respect to dissemination of health care economic information (HCEI) pre-approval

Key Stakeholders: Pharmaceutical industry, managed care industry, health care providers, pharmacoeconomic experts, health policy experts, and patient advocates

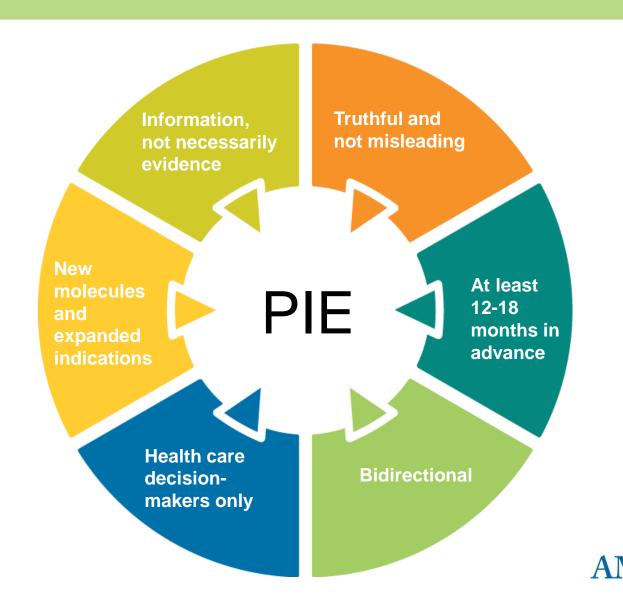
Date: September 13-14, 2016 in Tysons Corner, VA

Moderator: Susan Dentzer, President & CEO of NEHI





Consensus Recommendations



Academy of Managed Care Pharmacy®



Legislative Activity

- H.R. 2026 Pharmaceutical Information Exchange (PIE) Act of 2017
 - To improve patient access to emerging medication therapies by clarifying the scope of permitted health care economic and scientific information communications between biopharmaceutical manufacturers and population health decision makers
 - Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce



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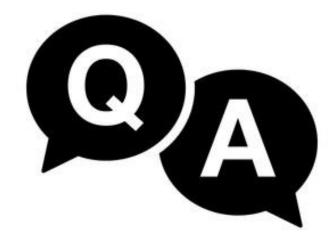


Panel Discussion





Questions & Answers





Thank You!

